UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 0-28740



(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 05-0489664

(State of incorporation)
100 Clearbrook Road, Elmsford NY

 $(I.R.S.\ Employer\ Identification\ No.)$

10523

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 914-460-1600

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted to its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \square No \pounds

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

On August 5, 2015, there were 68,730,871 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

BIOSCRIP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share amounts)

	June 30, 2015]	December 31, 2014
	(unaudited)		
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,172	\$	740
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$72,332 and \$66,500 as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	131,471		140,810
Inventory	42,364		37,215
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,396		9,450
Total current assets	185,403		188,215
Property and equipment, net	34,906		38,171
Goodwill	335,323		573,323
Intangible assets, net	7,290		10,269
Deferred financing costs	13,035		13,463
Other non-current assets	1,192		1,272
Total assets	\$ 577,149	\$	824,713
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 238	\$	5,395
Accounts payable	77,085		90,032
Claims payable	4,816		8,162
Amounts due to plan sponsors	4,254		5,779
Accrued interest	6,705		6,853
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	40,923		46,092
Total current liabilities	 134,021		162,313
Long-term debt, net of current portion	418,619		418,408
Deferred taxes	2,924		19,058
Other non-current liabilities	6,891		8,129
Total liabilities	 562,455		607,908
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; 825,000 shares authorized; 625,000 shares issued and outstanding; and, \$64,758 liquidation preference as of June 30, 2015. No convertible preferred stock was authorized or outstanding as of December 31, 2014.	57,988		_
Stockholders' equity			
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; 4,175,000 and 5,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively; no shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	_		_
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized; 71,376,164 and 71,274,064 shares issued and 68,730,871 and 68,636,965 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	8		8
Treasury stock, 2,645,293 and 2,637,099 shares at cost as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	(10,715)		(10,679)
Additional paid-in capital	534,100		529,682
Accumulated deficit	(566,687)		(302,206)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(43,294)		216,805
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 577,149	\$	824,713

BIOSCRIP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2015		2014		2015		2014		
Product revenue	\$	241,020	\$	225,277	\$	480,067	\$	441,180		
Service revenue		21,343		21,848		43,977		45,238		
Total revenue		262,363		247,125		524,044		486,418		
Cost of product revenue		176,763		161,658		350,710		313,398		
Cost of service revenue		19,634		20,111		40,895		42,564		
Total cost of revenue		196,397		181,769		391,605		355,962		
Gross profit		65,966		65,356		132,439		130,456		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		60,367		57,244		118,140		116,424		
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		(93)		(4,646)		(72)		(6,855)		
Bad debt expense		15,146		8,360		23,466		14,961		
Impairment of goodwill		238,000		_		238,000		_		
Acquisition and integration expenses		259		5,333		479		11,832		
Restructuring and other expenses		4,803		3,858		8,266		8,450		
Amortization of intangibles		1,489		1,620		2,979		3,323		
Loss from continuing operations		(254,005)		(6,413)		(258,819)		(17,679)		
Interest expense, net		9,080		9,135		18,243		19,634		
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes		(263,085)		(15,548)		(277,062)		(37,313)		
Income tax expense (benefit)		(19,921)		3,063		(17,993)		6,554		
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes		(243,164)		(18,611)		(259,069)		(43,867)		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(1,644)		(1,207)		(5,412)		(1,265)		
Net loss	\$	(244,808)	\$	(19,818)	\$	(264,481)	\$	(45,132)		
Accrued dividends on preferred stock		(1,805)		_		(2,258)		_		
Deemed dividends on preferred stock		(2,186)		_		(3,350)		_		
Loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(248,799)	\$	(19,818)	\$	(270,089)	\$	(45,132)		
Loss per common share:										
Loss from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$	(3.60)	\$	(0.27)	\$	(3.85)	\$	(0.64)		
Loss from discontinued operations, basic and diluted		(0.02)		(0.02)		(0.08)		(0.02)		
Net loss, basic and diluted	\$	(3.62)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(3.93)	\$	(0.66)		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		68,698		68,468		68,668		68,354		

BIOSCRIP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands)

	Prefe	rred Stock	Con	ımon Stock	Tr	easury Stock	 itional Paid- n Capital	A	accumulated Deficit	 Total ockholders' uity (Deficit)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$	_	\$	8	\$	(10,679)	\$ 529,682	\$	(302,206)	\$ 216,805
Issuance of Series A convertible preferred stock and warrants		_		_		_	6,570		_	6,570
Accrued dividends on preferred stock		_		_		_	(2,258)		_	(2,258)
Deemed dividends on preferred stock		_		_		_	(3,350)		_	(3,350)
Compensation under employee stock compensation plan		_		_		_	3,454		_	3,454
Surrender of stock to satisfy minimum tax withholding		_		_		(36)	2		_	(34)
Net loss		_		_		_	_		(264,481)	(264,481)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$		\$	8	\$	(10,715)	\$ 534,100	\$	(566,687)	\$ (43,294)

	Prefer	red Stock	Com	mon Stock	Tr	easury Stock	Ac	lditional Paid- in Capital	Α	Accumulated Deficit	Sto	Total ockholders' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2013	\$	_	\$	7	\$	(10,311)	\$	519,625	\$	(154,738)	\$	354,583
Exercise of stock options	\$	_		1				905	\$	_		906
Compensation under employee stock compensation plan	\$	_	\$	_		_		4,665		_		4,665
Net loss	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		(45,132)		(45,132)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$		\$	8	\$	(10,311)	\$	525,195	\$	(199,870)	\$	315,022

BIOSCRIP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

Case flows from operating activities: \$ (284,481) \$ Net loss \$ (284,481) \$ Less: loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (259,069) Adjustments to reconcile lost from continuing operations, net of income taxes to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (259,069) Depreciation 8,434 Annonization of intangibles 2,979 Impairment of goodwill 22,930 Impairment of goodwill (272) Change in fair value of contingent consideration (72) Change in fair value of contingent consideration (73) <tr< th=""><th></th><th colspan="3">Six Months June</th><th>ded</th></tr<>		Six Months June			ded
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Case Section Constituting operations, net of income taxes to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Perpentation Section	Net loss	\$	(264,481)	\$	(45,132)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Annotization of ideferred financing costs and debt discount Annotization of deferred financing costs and debt discount Annotization of deferred financing costs and debt discount Chouge in finar funder occurring costs and debt discount (72) Chouge in deferred income taxes (15,804) Compensation under stock-based compensation plans Costs and disposal of fixed assets (38) Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquired business: Receivablies, net of bad debt exponse (10,304) Account of plans plans and other assets (10,304) Accounts payable (10,304) Accounts payable (10,304) Accounts payable (10,304) Accounts due to plan sponsors (10,304) Account of plan sponsors (10,304) Account of plan sponsors (10,304) Account due to plan sponsors (10,304) Account of uncertainty Account of pure received activities from continuing operations Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations Net cash provided by (uned in) investing activities (10,104) Activities of capital leases (1	Less: loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(5,412)		(1,265)
Poper citation	Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes		(259,069)		(43,867)
Impairment of goodwill 28,0000 Impairment of goodwill 28,0000 Impairment of goodwill 28,0000 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,793 1,7	Adjustments to reconcile loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Impairment of goodwill	Depreciation		8,434		7,794
Amortization of beferred financing costs and debt discount 1,792 Change in fair value of contingent consideration (72) Change in fair value of contingent consideration (15,834) Compensation under stock-based compensation plans 2,819 Los on disposal of fixed sasess 628 Changes in assess and liabilities, net of acquired business: 10,299 Receivables, net of bad debt expense 10,299 Inventory (5,149) Progulat expenses and other assets (613) Accounts payable (12,2912) Claims payable (3,346) Account operating activities from continuing operations (1,524) Accound inverses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cath used in operating activities from discontinued operations (42,051) Net cath used in operating activities from discontinued operations (42,051) Net cath used in operating activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Cash flows from investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cath used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from continuing operations	Amortization of intangibles		2,979		3,323
Change in fair value of contingent consideration (72) Change in deferred income taxes (15,834) Compensation under stock-based compensation plans 2,819 Loss on disposal of fixed sases 628 Changes in assets and liabilities, see of acquired business: 888 Receivables, net of bad debt expense 10,299 Inventory (6,149) Propoid expenses and other assets (613) Accounts payable (3,346) Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (3,333) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (3,333) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Cash flows from investing activities (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations 5,797 Net cash provided by investi	Impairment of goodwill		238,000		_
Change in deferred income taxes	Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		1,792		2,745
Compensation under stock-based compensation plans 2,819 Los on disposal of fixed assets 628 Changes in assets and liabilities, net of bad debt expense 10,299 Inventory (5,149) Prepaid expenses and other assets (613) Accounts payable (3,346) Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accrued interest (1,80) Accrued interest (48,051) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (4,100) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (4,110) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Cash flows from investing activities (5,797) Cash flows from investing activities (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash provided by investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations — Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations — Proceeds from f	Change in fair value of contingent consideration		(72)		(6,855)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquired business: Receivables, net of bad debt expense 10,299	Change in deferred income taxes		(15,834)		6,358
Receivables, net of had debit expense 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10 10,299 10,2	Compensation under stock-based compensation plans		2,819		4,884
Receivables, net of bad debt expense 10,299 Inventory (5,149) Prepaid expenses and other assets (613) Accounts payable (12,912) Claims payable (3,346) Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accrued interest (148) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (41,110) Net cash used in operating activities (5,797) Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations 5,879 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 58,951 Proceeds from insance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders — Deferred and other financing costs (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		628		_
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Accounts payable (12,912) Claims payable (3,346) Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accured interest (48) Accured expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (41,110) Net cash used in operating activities (5,797) Cash flows from investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Purchase of property and equipment, net (5,797) Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations - Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations 5,997) Cash flows from insuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders - Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders - Proceeds from senior soites due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders -	Inventory		(5,149)		(58)
Claims payable (3,346) Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accrued interest (148) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (44,100) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (44,101) Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired (5,797) Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities from discontinued operations (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs (5,997) Deferred and other financing costs (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (134,163) (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (134,163) (1,218) Principal payments on long-term debt (1,218) Net proceeds from exercise of employee stock compensation plans (2,218) Net cash provided by (used in financing activities from continuing operations (2,230) Net change in cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period (4,22) Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	Prepaid expenses and other assets		(613)		3,745
Amounts due to plan sponsors (1,524) Accrued interest (148) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (4,110) Net cash used in operating activities (6,797) Cash flows from investing activities (5,797) Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash provided by investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by (used in investing activities from discontinued operations — Net cash provided by (used in junvesting activities (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (1,218) Repayments on inue of credit </td <td>Accounts payable</td> <td></td> <td>(12,912)</td> <td></td> <td>6,105</td>	Accounts payable		(12,912)		6,105
Accrued interest (148) Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (4,110) Net cash used in operating activities (46,161) Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash provided by investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from discontinued operations — Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (5,797) Sash flows from financing activities (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders — Deferred and other financing costs (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (134,163) (6 Repayments on line of credit (345) (740) Principal payments on long-term debt — (6 (745) </td <td>Claims payable</td> <td></td> <td>(3,346)</td> <td></td> <td>1,475</td>	Claims payable		(3,346)		1,475
Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,335) Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (4,110) Net cash used in operating activities (46,161) Cash Cosh flows from investing activities Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired —— Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations —— Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from discontinued operations —— Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs —— Deferred and other financing costs —— Deferred and other financing costs —— Deferred and other financing costs —— Principal payments on line of credit ————————————————————————————————————	Amounts due to plan sponsors		(1,524)		816
Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations (42,051) Net cash used in operating activities (45,110) Net cash used in operating activities (46,161) Cash lows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired — Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations — Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations — Net cash provided by investing activities (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders — Deferred and other financing costs (1,218) Borrowings on line of credit (134,163) Repayments on line of credit (134,163) Principal payments on long-term debt — Repayments on capital leases (345) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities from continuing operations 52,390 Net cas	Accrued interest		(148)		4,764
Net cash used in operating activities (4,110) Net cash used in operating activities (46,161) Cash flows from investing activities (5,797) Purchases of property and equipment, net (5,797) Cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired - Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations (5,797) Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (5,797) Cash flows from financing activities (5,797) Proceeds from issuance of convertible preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs 58,951 Proceeds from senior notes due 2021, net of fees paid to lenders - Poferred and other financing costs 1,218 Borrowings on line of credit 129,163 Repayments on line of credit 129,163 Repayments on line of credit (345) Principal payments on long-term debt - Repayments of capital leases (345) Net proceeds from exercise of employee stock compensation plans 2 Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities from continuing operations 52,390 Net change in cash and cash equivalents </td <td>Accrued expenses and other liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>(8,335)</td> <td></td> <td>1,116</td>	Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(8,335)		1,116
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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities from continuing operations 52,390 Net change in cash and cash equivalents 432 Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 740					905
Net change in cash and cash equivalents 432 Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 740					(18,785)
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					1,001
<u> </u>		S		\$	1,547
DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		-			
Cash paid during the period for interest \$ 18,391 \$		¢	18 301	\$	12,232
Cash paid during the period for income taxes \$ 515 \$					349

BIOSCRIP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1-- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements, including the notes thereto, and other information included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of BioScrip, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "Annual Report") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information, and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

The information furnished in these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements reflects all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. Operating results for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes and are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2015. The accounting policies followed for interim financial reporting are the same as those disclosed in Note 2 of the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Annual Report.

The Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Adjustment Relating to Deferred Financing Costs

During 2014 the Company discovered an error was made relating to deferred financing costs. The error was immaterial for the three months and six months ending June 30, 2014. As previously disclosed in the Annual Report, a cumulative adjustment was recorded in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Change in Estimate of the Collectability of Accounts Receivable

During 2014, the Company experienced deterioration in the aging of certain accounts receivable primarily due to delays and disruptions related to the integration of its acquisitions in 2013. The disruption to billing and collection processes was attributable in part to the following:

- Re-licensure and new managed care credentialing was required in connection with the CarePoint Business;
- Medicare claims were not filed until retraining and review of eligibility was performed;
- Merged facilities and work teams in seven large markets and related employee turnover;
- Conversion to a single version of our dispensing and billing system while still managing accounts receivable run-off on five other legacy versions;
 and
- Cash posting challenges that delayed secondary and patient billings and patient statement issuance.

The Company outsourced collections to third party agency partners and hired and trained billing and collection personnel to mitigate the effects of the disruption, however, the Company experienced more difficulty collecting the aged balances than it originally estimated. The Company provided incremental allowances in each quarter during 2014 to address the developing deterioration, and as such the Company materially changed its estimates based on actual collection experience during and after the acquisition disruption period.

Collections of billed revenues during the first 180 days have returned to historical Infusion Services segment levels during the six months ended June 30, 2015. The Company's accounts receivable over 180 days have increased by \$0.7 million since December 31, 2014 as several older balances are still the subject of collection projects with major payors. We believe we are adequately reserved on these balances over 180 days, however there is a higher risk of collection on these projects than the overall accounts receivable. The Company increased the allowance for doubtful accounts by \$5.8 million from December 31, 2014 and the allowance for doubtful accounts as a percentage of total accounts receivable is 35.5% at June 30, 2015 compared to 32.1% at December 31, 2014. The increase in reserves was predominantly on aged balances over 365 days old.

The following table summarizes the aging of the Company's net accounts receivable (net of allowance for contractual adjustments and prior to allowance for doubtful accounts), aged based on date of service and categorized based on the three primary overall types of accounts receivable characteristics (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015						December 31, 2014					
			C	Over 180			Over 180					
	0 -	- 180 days		days		Total	0 -	180 days		days		Total
Government	\$	24,706	\$	13,114	\$	37,820	\$	25,812	\$	13,036	\$	38,848
Commercial		112,593		34,954		147,547		117,699		35,302		153,001
Patient		6,920		11,516		18,436		4,899		10,562		15,461
Gross accounts receivable	\$	144,219	\$	59,584		203,803	\$	148,410	\$	58,900		207,310
Allowance for doubtful accounts						(72,332)						(66,500)
Net accounts receivable					\$	131,471					\$	140,810

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2015-03 "Interest - Imputation of Interest (subtopic 835-20): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" ("ASU 2015-03"). ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. ASU 2015-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted and will be applied on a retrospective basis. As of June 30, 2015 we have \$2.9 million and \$13.0 million of deferred financing costs that would be reclassified from a current and a long-term asset, respectively, to a reduction in the carrying amount of our debt.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-16 "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity" ("ASU 2014-16"). ASU 2014-16 requires an entity to determine the nature of the host contract by considering the economic characteristics and risks of the entire hybrid financial instrument issued in the form of a share, including the embedded derivative feature that is being evaluated for separate accounting from the host contract when evaluating whether the host contract is more akin to debt or equity. ASU 2014-16 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTE 2-- EARNINGS PER SHARE

Loss Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") for its common stock ("Common Stock"). Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to common stockholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to stockholders and the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares comprised of options granted, unvested restricted stocks, warrants and convertible preferred stock. Potential Common Stock equivalents that have been issued by the Company related to outstanding stock options, unvested restricted stock and warrants are determined using the treasury stock method, while potential common shares related to Series A Preferred Stock are determined using the "if converted" method.

The Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Series A Preferred Stock") is considered a participating security, which means the security may participate in undistributed earnings with Common Stock. The holders of the Series A Preferred Stock would be entitled to share in dividends, on an as-converted basis, if the holders of Common Stock were to receive dividends. The Company is required to use the two-class method when computing EPS when it has a security that qualifies as a participating security. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. In determining the amount of net earnings to allocate to Common Stock holders, earnings are allocated to both common and participating securities based on their respective weighted-average shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS for the Company's Common Stock is computed using the more dilutive of the two-class method or the if-converted method.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per common share (in thousands, except for per share amounts):

	Three Months E June 30,	nded	Six Months En June 30,	ded
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Numerator:				
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$ (243,164) \$	(18,611) \$	(259,069) \$	(43,867)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(1,644)	(1,207)	(5,412)	(1,265)
Net loss	\$ (244,808) \$	(19,818) \$	(264,481) \$	(45,132)
Accrued dividends on Series A Preferred Stock	(1,805)	_	(2,258)	_
Deemed dividend on Series A Preferred Stock	(2,186)	_	(3,350)	_
Loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (248,799) \$	(19,818) \$	(270,089) \$	(45,132)
Denominator - Basic and Diluted:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	68,698	68,468	68,668	68,354
Loss per Common Share:				
Loss from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$ (3.60) \$	(0.27) \$	(3.85) \$	(0.64)
Loss from discontinuing operations, basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.02)	(80.0)	(0.02)
Net loss, basic and diluted	\$ (3.62) \$	(0.29) \$	(3.93) \$	(0.66)

The loss attributable to common stockholders is used as the basis of determining whether the inclusion of common stock equivalents would be anti-dilutive. Accordingly, the computation of diluted shares for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 excludes the effect of securities issued in connection with the Purchase Agreement and Warrant Addendum (each as defined below) the Company entered into on March 9, 2015 and March 23, 2015, respectively (see Note 4 - PIPE Transaction) as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive to loss attributable to common stockholders, including the (i) 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock with an initial conversion price of \$5.17, (ii) 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants (as defined below) with an exercise price of \$5.17 and the (iii) 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants (as defined below) with an exercise price of \$6.45. The computation of diluted shares for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2014 excludes the effect of 3.1 million warrants with an exercise price of \$10.00 issued in connection with the acquisition of Critical Homecare Solutions Holdings, Inc. ("CHS") as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive to loss attributable to common stockholders. These warrants expired unexercised in March 2015 and are not impactful to the diluted shares calculation for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015. In addition to the warrants, the computation of diluted shares for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, excludes the effect of 6.1 million and 4.1 million shares, respectively, of stock options and restricted stock awards as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive to loss attributable to common stockholders. The computation of diluted shares for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, excludes the effect of 5.6 million and 3.9 million shares, respectively, of stock options and restricted stock awards as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive to loss attributable to common stockholders.

NOTE 3 -- STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

PIPE Warrants

In connection with the PIPE Transaction (see Note 4 - PIPE Transaction), the Company issued 1,800,000 Class A warrants (the "PIPE Class A Warrants") and 1,800,000 Class B warrants (the "PIPE Class B Warrants" and, together with the PIPE Class A Warrants, the "PIPE Warrants") which may be exercised to acquire shares of Common Stock. The rights and terms of the PIPE Class A Warrants and the PIPE Class B Warrants are identical except for the exercise price. Pursuant to an addendum (the "Warrant Addendum"), dated as of March 23, 2015, to the Warrant Agreement, dated as of March 9, 2015, with the PIPE Investors (as further described below), the PIPE Investors paid the Company \$483,559 in the aggregate, and the per share exercise price of the

PIPE Class A Warrants and PIPE Class B Warrants was set at \$5.17 and \$6.45, respectively, reduced from \$5.295 to \$5.17 and from \$6.595 to \$6.45, respectively.

The PIPE Warrants are exercisable for a ten year term and may only be exercised for cash. The number of Common Stock that may be acquired upon exercise of the PIPE Warrants is subject to anti-dilution adjustments for stock splits, subdivisions, reclassifications or combinations, or the issuance of Common Stock for a consideration per share less than 85% of the market price per share immediately prior to such issuance. Upon the occurrence of certain business combinations the PIPE Warrants will be converted into the right to acquire shares of stock or other securities or property (including cash) of the successor entity.

The PIPE Warrants became exercisable on May 11, 2015, the date Stockholder Approval (as defined below) was obtained at the Company's 2015 annual meeting of stockholders (the "2015 Annual Meeting"). Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the PIPE Warrants contained certain restrictions preventing the holder together with its affiliates to beneficially own in the aggregate greater than 19.99% of the Company's Common Stock after giving effect to the exercise of the PIPE Warrants (a "Conversion Cap"). As a result of the Company obtaining Stockholder Approval, the Conversion Cap ceased to apply.

The carrying value assigned to the PIPE Warrants was \$2.9 million (see Note 4 - PIPE Transaction) which is classified as additional paid in capital in stockholders' equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

2010 Common Stock Purchase Warrants

In connection with the acquisition of CHS in March 2010, the Company issued 3.4 million warrants (the "2010 Warrants") exercisable for Common Stock. The 2010 Warrants had a five year term with an exercise price of \$10.00 per share. They were exercisable at any time prior to the expiration date.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company issued 78,567 shares of Common Stock pursuant to the cashless exercise of 256,175 of the 2010 Warrants. No 2010 Warrants were exercised during 2014 or during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The 2010 Warrants expired in March 2015.

NOTE 4 -- PIPE TRANSACTION

Securities Purchase Agreement

On March 9, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Coliseum Capital Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, Coliseum Capital Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Blackwell Partners, L.L.C, Series A, a Georgia limited liability company (collectively, the "PIPE Investors"), affiliates of Coliseum Capital Management, L.L.C, a Delaware limited liability company ("Coliseum"). Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the Company issued and sold to the PIPE Investors in a private placement (the "PIPE Transaction") an aggregate of (a) 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a purchase price per share of \$100.00, (b) 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants, and (c) 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants, for gross proceeds of \$62.5 million. The initial conversion price for the Series A Preferred Stock is \$5.17. Pursuant to the Warrant Addendum with the PIPE Investors, the PIPE Investors paid the Company \$483,559 in the aggregate, and the per share exercise price of the PIPE Class A Warrants and PIPE Class B Warrants was set at \$5.17 and \$6.45, respectively, reduced from \$5.295 to \$5.17 and from \$6.595 to \$6.45, respectively.

As disclosed in the Company's definitive proxy materials relating to the 2015 Annual Meeting, the Company sought stockholder approval to remove certain conversion and voting restrictions affecting the Series A Preferred Stock and exercise restrictions affecting the PIPE Warrants (the "Stockholder Approval"). Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock and the PIPE Warrants contained caps on the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock and on the exercise of the PIPE Warrants to purchase Common Stock (the "Conversion Caps") and a cap on the voting power (the "Voting Cap" and, together with the Conversion Caps, the "Caps") that prevented the issuance of Common Stock if a single holder would own or vote more than 19.99% of the Common Stock or have more than 19.99% of the voting power. If the Company did not receive Stockholder Approval before September 30, 2015, then the Caps would have remained in effect and the dividend rates on the Series A Preferred Stock would have increased. As a result of obtaining Stockholder Approval on May 11, 2015, the Caps and other restrictions and conditions relating to the holders and their respective affiliates' ability to vote and convert their shares of Series A Preferred Stock and exercise the PIPE Warrants ceased to apply.

The Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants, including covenants relating to, among other things, information rights, the Company's financial reporting, tax matters, listing compliance under the NASDAQ Global Market, Stockholder Approval, use of proceeds, and potential requirements under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended to make a notice filing with respect to the exercise of the PIPE Warrants.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had repaid approximately \$45.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility indebtedness and accrued interest, representing 77% of the PIPE Transaction's net proceeds.

The PIPE Transaction is the subject of a putative securities class action lawsuit (see Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies).

The proceeds from the Purchase Agreement were allocated among the instruments based on their relative fair values as follows (in thousands):

	I	Relative Fair Value Allocation
Financial instruments:		March 9, 2015
Series A Preferred Stock ¹	\$	59,355
PIPE Warrants ²		3,145
Total Investment	\$	62,500

¹ The fair value of the Series A Preferred Stock was determined using a binomial lattice model using the following assumptions: volatility of 55%, risk-free rate of 0.92%, and a dividend rate of 11.5%. The model also utilized various assumptions about the time to maturity and conditions under which conversion features would be exercised.

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

In connection with the PIPE Transaction, the Company authorized 825,000 shares and issued 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at \$100.00 per share.

The Series A Preferred Stock may, at the option of the holder, be converted into Common Stock. Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the Series A Preferred Stock beneficially owned by a holder and its affiliates could not be converted to the extent that, after giving effect to the conversion, the holder would beneficially own, in the aggregate, in excess of 19.99% of the shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after the conversion (a "Conversion Cap"). As a result of the Company obtaining Stockholder Approval on May 11, 2015, the Conversion Cap ceased to apply to the Series A Preferred Stock. The conversion rate in effect at any applicable time for conversion of each share of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock will be the quotient obtained by dividing the Liquidation Preference then in effect by the conversion price then in effect, plus cash in lieu of fractional shares. The initial conversion price for the Series A Preferred Stock is \$5.17, but is subject to adjustment from time to time upon the occurrence of certain events, including in the event of a stock split, a reverse stock split, or a dividend of Junior Securities (defined below) to the Company's common stockholders.

Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (each, a Liquidation Event), after satisfaction of all liabilities and obligations to creditors of the Company and distribution of any assets of the Company to the holders of any stock or debt that is senior to the Series A Preferred Stock, and before any distribution or payment shall be made to holders of any Junior Securities, each holder of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to (i) convert their shares of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock and receive their pro rata share of consideration distributed to the holders of Common Stock, or (ii) receive, out of the assets of the Company or proceeds thereof (whether capital or surplus) legally available therefor, an amount per share of Series A Preferred Stock equal to the Liquidation Preference. The initial Liquidation Preference was equal to \$100.00 per share which may be adjusted from time to time by the accrual of non-cash dividends. As of June 30, 2015, the Liquidation Preference was \$64.8 million. However, if, at any applicable date of determination of the liquidation preference, (i) any cash dividend has been declared but is unpaid or (ii) the Company has given notice (or failed to give such notice) of its intention to pay a cash dividend but such cash dividend has not yet been declared by the Company's board of directors (the "Board"), then such cash dividends shall be deemed, for purposes of calculating the applicable liquidation preference, to be Accrued Dividends. Accrued Dividends are paid upon the occurrence of a Liquidation Event and upon conversion or redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock.

The Company may pay a noncumulative cash dividend on each share of the Series A Preferred Stock when, as and if declared by the Board at a rate of 8.5% per annum on the liquidation preference then in effect. Cash dividends, if declared, are payable quarterly in arrears on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing on the first calendar day of the first July or October following the date of original issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock. If declared, cash dividends will begin to accrue

² The fair value of the PIPE Warrants was determined using the Black Scholes model using the following assumptions: volatility of 55%, risk-free rate of 0.92%, and stated exercise prices. The model also utilized various assumptions about the time to maturity and conditions under which exercise would occur.

on the first day of the applicable quarterly dividend period. In the event the Company does not declare and pay a cash dividend, the liquidation preference of the Series A Preferred Stock will be increased to an amount equal to the liquidation preference in effect at the start of the applicable quarterly dividend period, plus an amount equal to such then applicable liquidation preference multiplied by 11.5% per annum. If the Company pays a dividend or makes a distribution on the outstanding Common Stock (other than in Junior Securities, as defined below), the Company must, at the same time, pay each holder of the Series A Preferred Stock a dividend equal to the dividend the holder would have received if all of the holder's shares of Series A Preferred Stock were converted into Common Stock immediately prior to the record date for the dividend payment ("Participating Dividend"). The Company would not be required to pay the Participating Dividend if the Company dividend or distribution was in Common Stock, a security ranking equal to or junior to Common Stock, or a security convertible into Common Stock or a security ranking equal to or junior to Common Stock ("Junior Securities"). Instead, where the Company makes a dividend or distribution of a Junior Security, the holder of Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to anti-dilution protection in the form of an adjustment to the conversion price of the Series A Preferred Stock. Unless and until the Company obtains the required consent and/or amendment from the Company's lenders under the Company's Senior Credit Facilities (as defined below), the Company will not be permitted to pay cash dividends.

From and after the tenth anniversary of the original issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock, each holder of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have the right to request that the Company redeem, in full, out of funds legally available, by irrevocable written notice to the Company, all of such holder's shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a redemption price per share equal to the Liquidation Preference then in effect per share of Series A Preferred Stock. From and after the tenth anniversary of the original issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock, the Company may redeem the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or in part, at a price per share equal to the Liquidation Preference then in effect.

The Series A Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights upon liquidation, winding up or dissolution, rank senior to the Company's Common Stock and each other class or series of shares that the Company may issue in the future that do not expressly provide that such class or series ranks equally with, or senior to, the Series A Preferred Stock, with respect to dividend rights and/or rights upon liquidation, winding up or dissolution. The Series A Preferred Stock will also rank junior to the Company's existing and future indebtedness. Holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to vote with the holders of shares of Common Stock (and any other class or series similarly entitled to vote with the holders of Common Stock) and not as a separate class, at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Company, and may act by written consent in the same manner as the holders of Common Stock, on an as-converted basis. Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the Series A Preferred Stock beneficially owned by a holder, or any of its affiliates could only be voted to an extent as not to exceed 19.99% of the aggregate voting power of all of the Company's voting stock outstanding who may vote with respect to any proposal (the "Voting Cap"). As a result of the Company obtaining Stockholder Approval on May 11, 2015, the Voting Cap ceased to apply. So long as shares of the Series A Preferred Stock represent at least five percent (5%) of the outstanding voting stock of the Company, a majority of the voting power of the Series A Preferred Stock shall have the right to designate one (1) member to the Company's Board who shall be appointed to a minimum of two (2) committees of the Board.

The following sets forth the initial carrying value of the Series A Preferred Stock which is classified as temporary equity (mezzanine equity) on the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in thousands):

	Carı	rying Value
Series A Preferred Stock:	Mar	rch 9, 2015
Issuance date liquidation preference	\$	62,500
Discount related to warrant value ¹		(3,145)
Discount related to beneficial conversion feature ²		(3,145)
Discount related to issuance costs ³		(3,830)
Initial carrying value of Series A Preferred Stock	\$	52,380

¹ The discount related to the PIPE Warrants represents the difference between the redemption value of the Series A Preferred Stock and its allocated proceeds. The discount is accreted over the period from issuance to first available redemption and are presented as a deemed dividend on the Statement of Operations.

² The value assigned to the Beneficial Conversion Feature (BCF) reflects the difference between the initial fair value assigned to the Series A Preferred Stock and the conversion value. The BCF value is accreted over the period from issuance date to first date conversion to common shares may take place and is presented as a deemed dividend on the Statement of Operations.

³ The Company incurred issuance costs of \$4.0 million associated with the PIPE Transaction. The issuance costs were allocated to the Series A Preferred Stock and PIPE Warrants based on the relative fair value of each instrument or \$3.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. The issuance costs are accreted over the period from issuance to first available redemption and are presented as a deemed dividend on the Statement of Operations.

As of June 30, 2015, the following values were accreted as described above and recorded as a reduction of additional paid in capital in Stockholders' Equity and a deemed dividend on the Statement of Operations. In addition, dividends were accrued at 11.5% from the date of issuance to June 30, 2015. The following table sets forth the activity recorded in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 related to the Series A Preferred Stock (in thousands).

Series A Preferred Stock carrying value at issuance	\$ 52,380
Accretion of discount related to issuance costs	109
Accretion of discount related to warrant value	96
Accretion of discount related to beneficial conversion feature	3,145
Dividends recorded through June 2015 ¹	2,258
Series A Preferred Stock carrying value June 30, 2015	\$ 57,988

 $^{^{1}}$ Dividends recorded reflect the increase in the Liquidation Preference associated with unpaid dividends.

PIPE Warrants

In connection with the PIPE Transaction, the Company issued 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants and 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants which may be exercised to acquire shares of Common Stock. The rights and terms of the PIPE Class A Warrants and the PIPE Class B Warrants are identical except for the exercise price. Pursuant to the Warrant Addendum, the PIPE Investors paid the Company \$483,559 in the aggregate, and the per share exercise price of the PIPE Class A Warrants and PIPE Class B Warrants was set at \$5.17 and \$6.45, respectively, reduced from \$5.295 to \$5.17 and from \$6.595 to \$6.45, respectively. As noted above, the PIPE Class A Warrants and the PIPE Class B Warrants are collectively referred to as the "PIPE Warrants".

The PIPE Warrants are exercisable for a ten year term and may only be exercised for cash. The number of shares of Common Stock that may be acquired upon exercise of the PIPE Warrants is subject to anti-dilution adjustments for stock splits, subdivisions, reclassifications or combinations, or the issuance of Common Stock for a consideration per share less than 85% of the market price per share immediately prior to such issuance. Upon the occurrence of certain business combinations the PIPE Warrants will be converted into the right to acquire shares of stock or other securities or property (including cash) of the successor entity.

The following sets forth the carrying value of the PIPE Warrants which is classified as equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in thousands):

	Carr	ying Value
PIPE Warrants	Mar	rch 9, 2015
Fair value allocated to PIPE Warrants	\$	3,145
Discount related to issuance costs ¹		(203)
Carrying value of PIPE Warrants	\$	2,942

¹ The Company incurred issuance costs of \$4.0 million associated with the PIPE Transaction. The issuance costs were allocated to the Series A Preferred Stock and PIPE Warrants based on the relative fair value of each instrument or \$3.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

Registration Rights Agreement

The Company entered into a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement") with the PIPE Investors that will, among other things and subject to certain exceptions, require the Company, upon the request of the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock to register the Common Stock of the Company issuable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock or exercise of the PIPE Warrants. Pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, these registration rights will not become effective until one year after the closing date of the PIPE Transaction and the costs incurred in connection with such registrations will be borne by the Company.

NOTE 5--ACQUISITION AND INTEGRATION EXPENSES

Expenses incurred to integrate acquisitions are recorded in acquisition and integration expenses on the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations. These costs include legal and financial advisory fees associated with acquisitions; employee severance related to staff rationalization; temporary redundant costs and integration costs to convert to common policies, procedures, and information systems. The following table summarizes the acquisition and integration expenses for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 related to the CarePoint Business, HomeChoice Partners, and InfuScience acquisitions (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Mont Jun		
	 2015		2014		2015		2014
Legal and professional fees	\$ 223	\$	1,571	\$	571	\$	2,546
Employee costs including redundant salaries and benefits and severance	10		430		(332)		1,580
Facilities consolidation and discontinuation	143		353		336		658
Change in revenue reserves related to acquired accounts receivable	(118)		2,118		(463)		5,420
Legal settlement	_		8		_		333
Other	1		853		367		1,295
Total	\$ 259	\$	5,333	\$	479	\$	11,832

The change in revenue reserves includes adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for contractual discounts related to accounts receivable acquired in connection with the CarePoint Business and HomeChoice acquisitions that are no longer deemed collectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts and contractual discounts on acquired accounts receivable were initially reserved at historical collection rates as of December 31, 2013. Based on lower than expected collections in 2014, the Company no longer expected to achieve historical collection rates on the acquired accounts receivable.

NOTE 6--DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Sale of Home Health Business

On March 31, 2014, the Company completed the sale of substantially all of the Company's Home Health Services segment (the "Home Health Business") pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of February 1, 2014 (the "Stock Purchase Agreement"), as amended, by and among LHC Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Buyer") and the Company and Elk Valley Professional Affiliates, Inc. ("EVPA"), South Mississippi Home Health, Inc. ("SMHH"), and Deaconess Homecare, LLC (collectively the "Seller"). The Buyer agreed to acquire the Home Health Business, consisting of (1) all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of EVPA owned by the Seller, (2) all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of SMHH owned by the Seller, and (3) all of the issued and outstanding membership interests in two limited liability companies (collectively, the "Holding Newcos" and, together with EVPA and SMHH, the "Subject Companies") that were wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Seller, formed for the purpose of the sale to hold indirectly the Seller's other assets and operating liabilities related to the operation of the Home Health Business. On the closing date, the Company also entered into an Amendment No. 1 (the "Amendment") to the Stock Purchase Agreement in connection with the closing. The Amendment modified the Stock Purchase Agreement to (i) exclude from the home health business conducted by the Company at one of its locations, and (ii) reduce by \$0.5 million the total consideration to be received by the Company, to approximately \$59.5 million.

Pursuant to the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, as amended, the Company received total consideration of approximately \$59.5 million paid in cash (the "Purchase Price") at closing. The Company used a portion of the net proceeds from the sale to pay down a portion of the Company's outstanding debt. Subsequently, the Purchase Price was adjusted for net working capital of the Subject Companies as of the closing date that resulted in an additional payment to the Company of approximately \$1.1 million. As a result of this adjustment, the final Purchase Price received by the Company was approximately \$60.6 million. The Company has classified the net proceeds received from this sale in cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The sale of the Home Health Business is consistent with the Company's continuing strategic evaluation of its non-core businesses and its decision to continue to focus growth initiatives and capital in the Infusion Services segment. As a result, the Company decided in the second quarter of 2014 to cease the material portion of its Home Health operations at the one location excluded from the Stock Purchase Agreement, as amended, and has reclassified its operations to discontinued operations for all

prior periods in the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. In addition, the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations previously reported by the Company as of March 31, 2014 have been reclassified to include this Home Health location in income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes. The effect of this reclassification reduced total revenue by \$0.4 million to \$239.3 million and reduced loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes by \$0.2 million to \$25.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The reclassification had no effect on previously reported net loss or net loss per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

As of the March 31, 2014 closing date of the sale of the Home Health Business, the carrying value of the net assets of the Subject Companies was as follows (in thousands):

	Carr	ying Value
Net accounts receivable	\$	12,597
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		242
Total current assets		12,839
Property and equipment, net		402
Goodwill		33,784
Intangible assets		15,400
Other non-current assets		28
Total assets		62,453
Accounts payable		673
Amounts due to plan sponsors		229
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		3,008
Total liabilities		3,910
Net assets	\$	58,543

The operating results included in discontinued operations of the Home Health Business for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 Three Mon	anded	Six Months June 3				
	2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenue	\$ _	\$	502	\$	_	\$	18,932
Gross profit	\$ 	\$	173	\$		\$	6,954
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_		583		_		7,375
Bad debt expense	_		237		_		900
Income (loss) from operations	_		(647)		_		(1,321)
Gain on sale before income taxes	_		(1,072)		_		(2,067)
Financial advisory fee and legal expenses	_		_		_		2,875
Impairment of assets	_		_		_		452
Other costs and expenses	292		_		341		47
Income (loss) before income taxes	 (292)		425		(341)		(2,628)
Income tax expense (benefit)	_		(355)		_		(4,186)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ (292)	\$	780	\$	(341)	\$	1,558

Pharmacy Services Asset Sale

On February 1, 2012, the Company entered into a Community Pharmacy and Mail Business Purchase Agreement by and among Walgreen Co. and certain subsidiaries and the Company and certain subsidiaries (collectively, the "Sellers") with respect to the sale of certain assets, rights and properties (the "Pharmacy Services Asset Sale") relating to the Sellers' traditional and specialty pharmacy mail operations and community retail pharmacy stores.

The operating results of the divested traditional and specialty pharmacy mail operations and community pharmacies included in discontinued operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, are summarized below (in thousands):

		 Three Months Ended June 30,				
	 2015	2014		2015	2014	
Revenue	\$ _	\$ 	\$	_	\$	_
Gross profit	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	(27)
Operating expenses	_	1,987		_		2,796
Legal fees and settlement expense	1,116	_		3,129		_
Other (income) expense	236	_		266		_
Facilities costs	 	 		1,676		_
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ (1,352)	\$ (1,987)	\$	(5,071)	\$	(2,823)

Operating expenses during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 primarily consist of legal fees related to the legal proceedings discussed in Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies and facilities costs.

Effective January 8, 2014, the Company entered into a Stipulation and Order of Settlement and Dismissal (the "Federal Settlement Agreement") with the U.S. Department of Justice (the "DOJ") and a *qui tam* relator (the "Relator"). The Federal Settlement Agreement represented the federal and private component of an agreement in principle to settle all civil claims under the False Claims Act and related statutes and all common law claims that could have been brought by the DOJ and Relator that arose out of the distribution of the Novartis Pharmaceutical Corporation's product *Exjade*® (the "Medication") by the Company's traditional and specialty pharmacy mail operations and community retail pharmacy stores prior to its divestiture in May 2012. Further, effective February 11, 2014, the Company entered into State Settlement Agreements with the offices of the Attorneys General of thirty-four states (the "Settling States"). The State Settlement Agreements represented the state component of the Company's agreement in principle to settle the claims that could have been brought by the Settling States that arose out of the distribution of the Medication. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company accrued \$15.0 million related to the Settlement Agreements and included the amount and related legal fees and expenses in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes in the Consolidated Statements of Operations (see Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies). Cash payments of \$6.1 million and \$3.0 million related to the Settlement Agreements were made to the DOJ and Settling States in the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, cash payments of \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million were paid to the Relator in the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were accruals of \$8.6 million and \$13.0 million, respectively, related to these costs in accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The accrual activity consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Legal Settlement		Other Costs		7	Fotal
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 1	2,389	\$	609	\$	12,998
Expenses		1,076		1,795		2,871
Cash payments	((6,376)		(856)		(7,232)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	7,089	\$	1,548	\$	8,637

NOTE 7--GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill consisted of the following as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	Infus	sion Services	PBM Services	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	560,579	12,744	573,323
Additions		_	_	_
Impairment of goodwill	\$	238,000	- \$	238,000
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	322,579	12,744 \$	335,323

The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment on an annual basis and whenever events or circumstances exist that indicates that the carrying value of goodwill may no longer be recoverable. The impairment evaluation is based on a two-step process. The first step ("Step 1") compares the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the first step indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, the second step ("Step 2") must be performed which determines the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill. The measurement of possible impairment is based upon the comparison of the implied fair value of reporting unit to its carrying value.

In the first quarter of 2015, we performed our annual goodwill impairment test and estimated the fair value of each of our reporting units as of the end of our most recent fiscal year. We concluded that the estimated fair value determined under our testing approach for each of our reporting units, as of December 31, 2014, was reasonable. In each case, the estimated fair value exceeded the respective carrying value. We concluded that the goodwill assigned to each reporting unit, as of December 31, 2014, was not impaired and that neither reporting unit was at risk of failing step one of the goodwill impairment test as prescribed under the ASC.

Business conditions have not significantly improved in recent months and our stock price has declined. As a result, we concluded that it was appropriate for us to perform a quantitative Step 1 interim goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2015. Taking into consideration our updated business outlook for the remainder of fiscal 2015, we updated our future cash flow assumptions for our Infusion Services reporting unit and calculated updated estimates of fair value using the standard three step valuation approach. After updating our assumptions and projections, we then calculated an estimate of fair value for the reporting unit, consistent with our annual impairment test on December 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2015, we determined that our Infusion Services reporting unit had an indication of impairment and we proceeded to a Step 2 analysis to determine the amount of the goodwill impairment. The Step 1 analysis for our PBM Services reporting unit did not indicate a potential goodwill impairment. Therefore, no Step 2 was necessary.

Our fair value for each reporting unit is determined based on a guideline public company analysis or market approach which utilizes current earnings multiples of comparable publicly-traded companies, a guideline transaction analysis which utilizes select actual comparable industry transactions and a discounted cash flow analysis which uses significant unobservable inputs, or level 3 inputs, as defined by the fair value hierarchy. We have equally weighted the valuation of our reporting units based on the three methods. We believe that this weighting is appropriate.

The Step 2 analysis included determining the fair value of inventory and other current assets and liabilities, as well as fair values of equipment and fixtures. Key assumptions used in the impairment test included: growth rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%, EBITDA margins of 6% to 8%, and discount rates applied ranging from 9.0% to 11.0%. Although this analysis has not been completed due to its complexity, based on the work performed to date the Company has recorded a preliminary estimated impairment charge of \$238.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, all of which related to our Infusion Services segment. The impairment charge is subject to finalization of fair value which the Company will complete in the third quarter of fiscal 2015. The Company believes that the preliminary estimate of impairment charge is reasonable and represents the Company's best estimate of the impairment charge to be incurred; however, it is possible that a material adjustment to the preliminary estimate may be required as the analysis is finalized. Any adjustment to the preliminary estimated impairment charge will be recorded in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in the third quarter of 2015.

The accounting principles regarding goodwill acknowledge that the observed market prices of individual trades of a company's stock (and thus its computed market capitalization) may not be representative of the fair value of the company as a whole. Additional value may arise from the ability to take advantage of synergies and other benefits that flow from control over another entity. Consequently, measuring the fair value of a collection of assets and liabilities that operate together in a controlled entity is different from measuring the fair value of that entity's individual common stock. In most industries, including ours, an

acquiring entity typically is willing to pay more for equity securities that give it a controlling interest than an investor would pay for a number of equity securities representing less than a controlling interest. We have taken into consideration the current trends in our market capitalization and the current book value of our equity in relation to fair values arrived at in our interim fiscal 2015 goodwill impairment analysis, including the implied control premium, and have deemed the result to be reasonable.

Our goodwill impairment analysis is sensitive to changes in key assumptions used in our analysis, such as expected future cash flows, the degree of volatility in equity and debt markets, and our stock price. If the assumptions used in our analysis are not realized, it is possible that an impairment charge may need to be recorded in the future. We cannot accurately predict the amount and timing of any impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets. Further, as we work towards a turnaround of our business, we will need to continue to evaluate the carrying value of our goodwill. Any additional impairment charges that we may take in the future could be material to our results of operations and financial condition.

The Company will evaluate goodwill for possible impairment during the quarter ending December 31, 2015 unless an additional interim goodwill impairment test is required.

Intangible assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

			June 30, 2015			December 31, 2014											
	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount		Gross Carrying Amount		Carrying		Carrying		Carrying		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount
Infusion customer relationships	\$ 25,650	\$	(18,894)	\$	6,756	\$	25,650	\$	(16,615)	\$	9,035						
Infusion trademarks	6,200		(5,983)		217		6,200		(5,333)		867						
Non-compete agreements	1,500		(1,183)		317		1,500		(1,133)		367						
	\$ 33,350	\$	(26,060)	\$	7,290	\$	33,350	\$	(23,081)	\$	10,269						

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Estimated Useful Life
Infusion customer relationships	2 - 4 years
Infusion trademarks	2 years
Non-compete agreements	5 years

The estimated fair value of intangible assets was calculated using level 3 inputs based on the present value of anticipated future benefits. Total amortization of intangible assets was \$3.0 million and \$3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Future amortization expense is anticipated to be as follows (in thousands):

2015 (six months)	\$ 2,162
2016	3,078
2017	1,983
2018	67
2019 and beyond	_
Total	\$ 7,290

NOTE 8--RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER EXPENSES

Restructuring and other expenses include expenses resulting from the execution of our strategic assessment and related restructuring plans, consisting primarily of employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs. It also includes other transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring.

The restructuring costs are included in restructuring and other expenses in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations and as part of the calculation of Segment Adjusted EBITDA, as defined in Note 12.

Restructuring Phases

Restructuring Phase I commenced in 2010 with a strategic assessment of the Company's business and operations. As a result of the assessment, the Company elected to focus investments in the Infusion Services segment and to pursue offers for its traditional and specialty pharmacy mail operations and community pharmacy stores. Accordingly, the Company consummated the Pharmacy Services Asset Sale in May 2012 and Restructuring Phase I was completed. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, as a result of the divestiture process, the Company's management team commenced an assessment of the Company's continuing operations in order to align its corporate structure with its remaining operations ("Restructuring Phase II"). Restructuring Phase II is continuing as the Company divests other businesses and adjusts the Company's overhead expenses to support the Infusion Services segment.

The Company anticipates that additional restructuring will occur and thus significant additional charges such as the write down of certain long-lived assets, employee severance, other restructuring type charges, temporary redundant expenses, potential cash bonus payments and potential accelerated payments or termination costs for certain of its contractual obligations, could impact the Company's future consolidated financial statements.

Restructuring Phase II

As a result of Restructuring Phase II, which is ongoing, the Company incurred restructuring expenses of approximately \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million during three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, consisting of employee severance and other benefit-related costs as the result of workforce reductions, third-party consulting and other costs. Restructuring expenses for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2014 were \$3.0 million and \$6.8 million, respectively, including approximately \$1.3 million of employee severance and other benefit-related costs related to workforce reductions and \$5.3 million in third party consulting costs.

Since inception of Restructuring Phase II, the Company has incurred approximately \$18.2 million in total expenses, consisting of \$6.3 million of employee severance and other benefit-related costs related to workforce reductions, \$8.2 million in third party consulting costs and \$3.7 million of other costs.

As of June 30, 2015, there are restructuring accruals of approximately \$1.3 million related to Restructuring Phase II included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The restructuring accrual activity consisted of the following (in thousands):

	So ar	mployee everance nd Other Benefits	C	Consulting Costs	0	ther Costs	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	1,385	\$	481	\$	1,476	\$ 3,342
Expenses		732		111		1,098	1,941
Cash payments		(984)		(589)		(2,389)	(3,962)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	1,133	\$	3	\$	185	\$ 1,321

Other Expenses

Other expenses include transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring. Other expenses totaled \$4.2 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$6.7 million and \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 9--PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014
Computer and office equipment	\$ 22,869	\$	22,662
Software capitalized for internal use	16,043		14,914
Vehicles, including equipment acquired under capital leases	2,062		2,106
Medical equipment, including equipment acquired under capital leases	27,954		27,668
Construction in progress	4,379		3,287
Furniture and fixtures	4,548		4,487
Leasehold improvements	13,998		13,690
	91,853		88,814
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(56,947)		(50,643)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 34,906	\$	38,171

The Company had an insignificant amount of vehicles and medical equipment under capital lease as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense, including expense related to assets under capital lease, was \$4.1 million and \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$8.4 million and \$7.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Depreciation expense includes costs related to software capitalized for internal use of \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 10--DEBT

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company's debt consisted of the following obligations (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ _	\$	5,000
Term Loan Facilities	222,757		222,757
2021 Notes, net of unamortized discount	195,745		195,462
Capital leases	355		584
Total Debt	 418,857		423,803
Less: Current portion	238		5,395
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 418,619	\$	418,408

Senior Credit Facilities

On July 31, 2013, the Company entered into (i) a senior secured first-lien revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$75.0 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), (ii) a senior secured first-lien term loan B in an aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million (the "Term Loan B Facility") and (iii) a senior secured first-lien delayed draw term loan B in an aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million (the "Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility" and, together with the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan B Facility, the "Senior Credit Facilities") with SunTrust Bank, Jefferies Finance LLC and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc.

On December 23, 2013, the Company entered into the First Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities pursuant to which the Company obtained the required consent of the lenders to enter into the Settlement Agreements (see Note 11- Commitments and Contingencies) and to begin making payments, in accordance with the payment terms, on the settlement amount of \$15.0 million.

On January 31, 2014, the Company entered into the Second Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities, which, among other things (i) provides additional flexibility with respect to compliance with the maximum net leverage ratio for the fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2013 through and including December 31, 2014, (ii) provides additional flexibility under the indebtedness covenants to permit the Company to obtain up to \$150.0 million of second-lien debt and issue up to \$250.0 million of unsecured bonds, provided that 100% of the net proceeds are applied first to the Revolving Credit Facility, with no corresponding permanent commitment reduction, and then on a pro rata basis to the Term Loan B Facility and the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility (collectively, the "Term Loan Facilities"), (iii) provides the requisite flexibility to sell non-core assets, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, and (iv) increased the applicable interest rates for each of the Term Loan Facilities to the Eurodollar rate plus 6.00% or the base rate plus 5.00%, until the occurrence of certain pricing decrease triggering events, as defined in the amendment. Upon the occurrence of a pricing decrease triggering event, the interest rates for the Senior Credit Facilities may revert to the Eurodollar rate plus 5.25% or the base rate plus 4.25%.

On March 1, 2015, the Company entered into the Third Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities, which establishes an alternate leverage test for the fiscal quarters ending March 31, 2015 through and including March 31, 2016. The maximum net leverage ratio for these quarters is consistent with that in effect for the prior four fiscal quarters. The Third Amendment eliminated the need to meet progressively lower leverage ratio requirements at each quarter end date for the next four quarters. The Third Amendment also reduces the Revolver Covenant Triggering Event from 25% of the Aggregate Revolving Commitment Amount to 5% of the Aggregate Revolving Commitment Amount beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2015 and provides for certain additional financial reporting.

As discussed below, the net proceeds of approximately \$194.5 million from the issuance on February 11, 2014 of 8.875% senior notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes") were used to repay \$59.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility and \$135.2 million of the Term Loan Facilities. In addition, approximately \$54.2 million of the net proceeds from the sale of the Home Health Business (see Note 6 - Discontinued Operations) were used to repay \$17.2 million of the Revolving Credit Facility and \$37.0 million of the Term Loan Facilities. Once repaid, amounts under Term Loan Facilities may not be reborrowed. The Senior Credit Facilities are secured by substantially all of the Company's and its subsidiaries' assets.

The partial repayments of the Senior Credit Facilities as a result of the issuance of the 2021 Notes and from the sale of the Home Health Business were pricing decrease triggering events that resulted in the interest rates reverting to the Eurodollar rate plus 5.25% or the base rate plus 4.25%. As of June 30, 2015, the interest rate related to the Revolving Credit Facility is approximately 7.50% and 6.50% for the Term Loan Facilities. The interest rates may vary in the future depending on the Company's consolidated net leverage ratio.

In connection with the PIPE Transaction (see Note 4 - PIPE Transaction), the Company was required to use at least 75% of the net proceeds for the repayment of outstanding indebtedness. As of June 30, 2015, the Company has repaid approximately \$45.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility indebtedness and accrued interest from those proceeds.

The Revolving Credit Facility matures on July 31, 2018 at which time all principal amounts outstanding are due and payable. The Term Loan Facilities each mature on July 31, 2020 at which time the remaining principal amount of approximately \$222.8 million is due and payable.

2021 Notes

On February 11, 2014, the Company issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2021 Notes. The 2021 Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by all existing and future subsidiaries of the Company. The 2021 Notes were offered in the United States to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S under the Securities Act pursuant to an Indenture (the "2021 Notes Indenture"), dated February 11, 2014, by and among the Company, the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.

Interest on the 2021 Notes accrues at a fixed rate of 8.875% per annum and is payable in cash semi-annually, in arrears, on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing on August 15, 2014. The debt discount of \$5.0 million at issuance is being amortized as interest expense through maturity which will result in the accretion over time of the outstanding debt balance to the principal amount. As of June 30, 2015, there are no quoted prices or active markets for the 2021 Notes. The 2021 Notes are the Company's senior unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of its other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to all of its existing and future subordinated indebtedness.

The 2021 Notes are guaranteed on a full, joint and several basis by each of the Company's existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries that is a borrower under any of the Company's credit facilities or that guarantees any of the Company's debt

or that of any of its restricted subsidiaries, in each case incurred under the Company's credit facilities. As of June 30, 2015, the Company does not have any independent assets or operations, and as a result, its direct and indirect subsidiaries (other than minor subsidiaries), each being 100% owned by the Company, are fully and unconditionally, jointly and severally, providing guarantees on a senior unsecured basis to the 2021 Notes.

The Company may redeem some or all of the 2021 Notes prior to February 15, 2017 by paying a "make-whole" premium. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2021 Notes on or after February 15, 2017 at specified redemption prices. In addition, prior to February 15, 2017, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the 2021 Notes with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings at a price of 108.875% plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. The Company is obligated to offer to repurchase the 2021 Notes at a price of 101% of their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as a result of certain change of control events. These restrictions and prohibitions are subject to certain qualifications and exceptions.

The 2021 Notes Indenture contains covenants that, among other things, limit the Company's ability and the ability of certain of the Company's subsidiaries to (i) grant liens on its assets, (ii) make dividend payments, other distributions or other restricted payments, (iii) incur restrictions on the ability of the Company's restricted subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments, (iv) enter into sale and leaseback transactions, (v) merge, consolidate, transfer or dispose of substantially all of their assets, (vi) incur additional indebtedness, (vii) make investments, (viii) sell assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries, (ix) use the proceeds from sales of assets, including capital stock of restricted subsidiaries, and (x) enter into transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2021 Notes Indenture requires, among other things, the Company to provide financial and current reports to holders of the 2021 Notes or file such reports electronically with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These covenants are subject to a number of exceptions, limitations and qualifications set forth in the 2021 Notes Indenture.

Pursuant to the terms of the Second Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities, the Company used the net proceeds of the 2021 Notes of approximately \$194.5 million to repay \$59.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility and \$135.2 million of the Term Loan Facilities.

In connection with the issuance of the 2021 Notes, the Company entered into a registration rights agreement on February 11, 2014 with certain guarantors of the 2021 Notes named therein and Jefferies LLC, on behalf of itself and the other initial purchasers named therein (the "Registration Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company filed an exchange offer registration statement on Form S-4 on February 6, 2015 and a related amendment on May 1, 2015, which was declared effective on May 6, 2015, to exchange the 2021 Notes for substantially identical notes registered under the Securities Act. The Company filed a shelf registration statement to cover resales of the 2021 Notes under certain circumstances. The Company completed the exchange offer with respect to the 2021 Notes on June 16, 2015.

Deferred Financing Costs

In connection with the Third Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities during the first quarter of 2015, the Company incurred \$1.2 million in deferred financing costs. The deferred financing costs will be reflected as additional debt discount and amortized as an adjustment of interest expense over the remaining term of the Senior Credit Facilities using the effective interest method.

In connection with the issuance of the 2021 Notes, the Company incurred underwriting fees, agent fees, legal fees and other expenses of \$0.5 million that are being amortized over the term of the 2021 Notes.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense consisted of the following for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

		Three Mor Jun	nths ie 30				hs Ended e 30,			
	2015			2014		2015		2014		
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	223	\$	184	\$	870	\$	768		
Term Loan Facilities		3,660		3,669		7,279		9,419		
2021 Notes		4,438		4,437		8,727		6,744		
Amortization of deferred financing costs		693		727		1,334		2,550		
Amortization of debt discount		142		129		282		195		
Other, net		(76)		(11)		(249)		(42)		
Interest expense, net	\$	9,080	\$	9,135	\$	18,243	\$	19,634		

NOTE 11--COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

Shareholder Class Action Litigation in the Delaware Court of Chancery

On April 9, 2015, two separate putative class action lawsuits were filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery (the "Delaware Court") by purported stockholders Lawrence Cline and Roger Rubin ("Plaintiffs"), respectively, in connection with the Purchase Agreement with the PIPE Investors, against the Company, Directors of the Company and the PIPE Investors. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Company issued and sold to the PIPE Investors in a private placement (as defined above, the "PIPE Transaction") an aggregate of (a) 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, (b) 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants, and (c) 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants, as further described below.

As disclosed in the Company's definitive proxy materials relating to the 2015 Annual Meeting, the Company sought Stockholder Approval to remove certain conversion and voting restrictions affecting the Series A Preferred Stock and exercise restrictions affecting the PIPE Warrants (as defined above, the "Stockholder Approval"). Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock and the PIPE Warrants contained caps on the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock and on the exercise of the PIPE Warrants to purchase Common Stock (the "Conversion Caps") and a cap on voting power (the "Voting Cap" and, together with the Conversion Caps, the "Caps") that prevented the issuance of Common Stock if a single holder would own or vote more than 19.99% of the Common Stock or have more than 19.99% of the voting power. If the Company did not receive Stockholder Approval before September 30, 2015, then the Caps would have remained in effect and the dividend rates on the Series A Preferred Stock would have increased (the "Dividend Rate Adjustment").

The Plaintiffs asserted, among other things, that the Dividend Rate Adjustment was invalid, that the Board had breached their fiduciary duties and that the stockholder vote on the Stockholder Approval scheduled for the 2015 Annual Meeting was coercive and based on inadequate disclosure. The Plaintiffs' complaint sought a preliminary and permanent injunction, enjoining the vote on Stockholder Approval at the 2015 Annual Meeting, additional disclosures, certain declaratory relief, and costs and disbursements, including attorneys' fees, costs and expenses. On April 17, 2015, the two separate class action lawsuits were consolidated by order of the Delaware Court as *In re BioScrip, Inc. Stockholder Litigation*, Consol. C.A. 10893-VCG (the "Delaware Action").

On April 30, 2015, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "Memorandum of Understanding") to settle the Delaware Action. The parties entered into a stipulation of settlement on May 11, 2015 (the "Stipulation of Settlement"). In consideration for the full settlement and release of the Delaware Action (the "Settlement"), the Stipulation of Settlement provided for, among other things, agreement that if Stockholder Approval was obtained, causing the Caps to be removed and the Dividend Rate Adjustment to never go into effect, the Delaware Action will be dismissed with prejudice, subject to court approval. The Stipulation of Settlement also provided for an award of no more than \$750,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses to Plaintiffs' counsel, subject to court approval.

Stockholder Approval was obtained at the 2015 Annual Meeting on May 11, 2015, and, therefore, subject to court approval of the Settlement, the Delaware Action will be dismissed with prejudice by the Delaware Court in accordance with the terms of the Stipulation of Settlement. The Delaware Court held a hearing on July 29, 2015, to consider the fairness of the Settlement and award of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees. The order approving the Settlement and award of \$750,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses to Plaintiff's counsel was issued on July 29, 2015.

The Company carries insurance coverage in such amounts as we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, which will cover a certain percentage of the attorneys' fees award. We believe the action may implicate one or more indemnification agreements between the Company and certain defendants, for which there may be no insurance coverage. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Derivative Lawsuit in Delaware Court of Chancery

On May 7, 2015, a derivative complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery by the Park Employees' & Retirement Board Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Chicago (the "Delaware Complaint"). The Delaware Complaint names as defendants certain current and former directors of the Company, consisting of Richard M. Smith, Myron Holubiak, Charlotte Collins, Samuel Frieder, David Huber, Richard Robbins, Stuart Samuels and Gordon Woodward (collectively, the "Director Defendants"), certain current and former officers of the Company, consisting of Kimberlee Seah, Hai Tran and Patricia Bogusz (collectively the "Officer Defendants"), Kohlberg & Co., L.L.C., Kohlberg Management V, L.L.C., Kohlberg Investors V, L.P., Kohlberg Partners V, L.P.,

Kohlberg TE Investors V, L.P., KOCO Investors V, L.P. and Jefferies LLC. The Company is also named as a nominal defendant in the Delaware Complaint. The Delaware Complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery as *Park Employees and Retirement Board Employees'* Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago v. Richard M. Smith, Myron Z. Holubiak, Charlotte W. Collins, Samuel P. Frieder, David R. Huber, Richard L. Robbins, Stuart A. Samuels, Gordon H. Woodward, Kimberlee C. Seah, Hai V. Tran, Patricia Bogusz, Kohlberg & Co., L.L.C., Kohlberg Management V, L.L.C., Kohlberg Investors V, L.P., Kohlberg Partners V, L.P., Kohlberg TE Investors V, L.P., KOCO Investors V, L.P., Jefferies LLC and BioScrip, Inc., C.A. No. 11000-VCG (Del. Ch. Ct., May 7, 2015).

The Delaware Complaint alleges generally that certain defendants breached their fiduciary duties with respect to the Company's public disclosures, oversight of Company operations, secondary stock offerings and stock sales. The Delaware Complaint also contends that certain defendants aided and abetted those alleged breaches. The damages sought are not quantified but include, among other things, claims for money damages, restitution, disgorgement, equitable relief, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses, and interest. The Delaware Complaint incorporates the same factual allegations from *In re BioScrip, Inc., Securities Litigation* (described below). On June 16, 2015, all defendants moved to dismiss the case. Briefing for the motion to dismiss is currently scheduled to be completed by November 30, 2015.

The Company, Director Defendants and the Officer Defendants deny any allegations of wrongdoing in this lawsuit. The Company and such persons believe all of the claims in this lawsuit are without merit and intend to vigorously defend against these claims. However, there is no assurance that the defense will be successful or that insurance will be available or adequate to fund any settlement or judgment or the litigation costs of this action. Certain of the defendants have sought indemnification from the Company pursuant to certain indemnification agreements, for which there may be no insurance coverage. Additional similar lawsuits may be filed. Moreover, we are unable to predict the outcome or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Discontinued Operations Contingency - Prior State Regulatory Matter

The Company has accrued an estimate of a potential loss as of June 30, 2015 in connection with a pending regulatory matter related to certain discontinued operations of the Company's best estimate of the exposure.

United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York and New York State Attorney General Investigation

Effective January 8, 2014, the Company entered into the Federal Settlement Agreement with the DOJ and David M. Kester (the "Relator"). The Federal Settlement Agreement represented the federal and private component of the Company's agreement to settle all civil claims under the False Claims Act and related statutes and all common law claims (collectively, the "Claims") that could have been brought by the DOJ and Relator in the *qui tam* lawsuit filed in the Southern District of New York (the "SDNY") by the Relator relating to the distribution of the Medication by the Company's legacy specialty pharmacy division (the "Legacy Division") that was divested in May 2012 (the "Civil Action"). Until January 8, 2014, the Company was prohibited from publicly disclosing any information related to the existence of the Civil Action. On January 8, 2014, the Civil Action was unsealed and made public on order of the court. Effective February 11, 2014, the Company entered into the State Settlement Agreements with the Settling States. The State Settlement Agreements represented the state component of the Company's agreement to settle the Claims that could have been brought by the Settling States that arose out of the Legacy Division's distribution of the Medication.

With the execution of the Federal Settlement Agreement and the State Settlement Agreements (collectively, the "Settlement Agreements"), the Company expects the Civil Action to be fully resolved, and also expects to be fully resolved the federal and state claims that were or could have been raised in the Civil Action. All federal claims and all state claims by the Settling States that have been or could be brought against it in the Civil Action have been dismissed with prejudice. The State Settlement Agreements expressly recognize and affirmatively provide that, by entering into the State Settlement Agreements, the Company has not made any admission of liability and the Company expressly denies the allegations in the Civil Action.

As a part of the State Settlement Agreements, the Company has also resolved any and all claims that the Settling States or their representatives, including the National Association of Medicaid Fraud Control Units (the "NAMFCU") (which represented the offices of the Attorneys General of the Settling States), could bring for attorney's fees, investigative fees and/or administrative costs related to the Civil Action. The Company has also separately resolved any and all claims for certain investigative/administrative costs and attorney's fees related to the Civil Action incurred by the DOJ, Relator and the NAMFCU for approximately \$1.1 million in the aggregate. The Company does not anticipate any further claims relating to the matters involved in the Settlement Agreements. The Settlement Agreements do not, however, preclude the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the Office of the Inspector General or any state from taking any administrative actions.

Under the Settlement Agreements, the Company will pay an aggregate of \$15.0 million, plus interest (at an annual rate of 3.25%) in three approximately annual payments from January 2014 through January 2016. The Settlement Agreements represented a compromise to avoid the costs, distraction and uncertainty of protracted litigation. The Settlement Agreements do not include any admission of wrongdoing, illegal activity, or liability by the Company or its employees, directors, officers or agents.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company included in its results of discontinued operations an accrual of \$15.0 million in connection with the government's investigation regarding certain operations of the Legacy Division. As of June 30, 2015, the Company has paid \$9.1 million, including interest, related to the Settlement Agreements and \$0.7 million of fees to the Relator.

Securities Class Action Litigation in the Southern District of New York

On September 30, 2013, a putative securities class action lawsuit was filed against the Company and certain of its officers on behalf of the putative class of purchasers of our securities between August 8, 2011 and September 20, 2013, inclusive.

On November 15, 2013, a putative securities class action lawsuit was filed against the Company and certain of its directors and officers and certain underwriters in the Company's April 2013 underwritten public offering of its common stock, on behalf of the putative class of purchasers of our securities between August 8, 2011 and September 23, 2013, inclusive.

On December 19, 2013, the United States District Court for the SDNY entered an order consolidating the two class action lawsuits as *In re BioScrip, Inc.*, *Securities Litigation, No. 13-cv-6922 (AJN)* and appointing a lead plaintiff. The Company denies any allegations of wrongdoing in the consolidated class action lawsuit. The lead plaintiff filed a consolidated complaint on February 19, 2014 against the Company, certain of its directors and officers, certain underwriters in the Company's April 2013 underwritten public offering of its common stock, and a certain stockholder of the Company. The consolidated complaint is brought on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of the Company's securities between November 9, 2012 and November 6, 2013, inclusive, and persons and entities who purchased the Company's securities pursuant or traceable to two underwritten public offerings of the Company's common stock conducted in April 2013, and August 2013. The consolidated complaint alleges generally that the defendants made material misstatements and/or failed to disclose matters related to the Legacy Division's distribution of the Medication as well as the Company's PBM Services segment. The consolidated complaint asserts claims under Sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act and Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. All defendants in the case moved to dismiss the consolidated complaint on April 28, 2014. On March 31, 2015, the Court granted in part and denied in part the defendants' motions to dismiss. On April 14, 2015, a motion to reconsider a portion of the Court's denial of the motions to dismiss was filed on behalf of all remaining defendants. Plaintiffs filed their opposition to that motion on April 28, 2015. On June 5, 2015, the Court denied the defendants' motion to reconsider. The parties have agreed to a mediation of all pending claims, which is currently scheduled to take place in September 2015.

The Company believes all of the claims in these class action lawsuits are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against these claims. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its defense or that insurance will be available or adequate to fund any settlement or judgment or the litigation costs of these actions. Additional similar lawsuits may be filed. Moreover, the Company is not able to predict the outcome or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. Certain of the defendants have sought indemnification from the Company, pursuant to certain indemnification agreements, for which there may be no insurance coverage. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Professional Home Care Services Litigation

On March 31, 2009, Professional Home Care Services, Inc. ("PHCS"), a subsidiary of the Company, was sued by Alexander Infusion, LLC, a New York-based home infusion company ("Alexander Infusion"), in the Supreme Court of the State of New York (the "Lawsuit"). The complaint alleged principally breach of contract arising in connection with PHCS's failure to consummate an acquisition of Alexander Infusion after failing to satisfy the conditions to PHCS's obligation to close. On April 4, 2014, PHCS and the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Alexander Infusion and its affiliate Avantiscripts, LLC (collectively the "Alexander Parties") to resolve all outstanding claims arising out of the Lawsuit in exchange for payment by PHCS to the Alexander Parties in the amount of \$325,000, and the Lawsuit was dismissed on April 8, 2014. The Company did not pay any cash under the settlement agreement. Rather, the settlement amount of \$325,000 was offset against an amount of \$325,000 on accounts receivable due to the Company from the Alexander Parties. In addition, under the merger agreement dated as of January 24, 2010, by and among the Company, CHS and the former CHS stockholders, the former CHS stockholders agreed to indemnify the

Company, subject to certain limits, in connection with any losses arising from claims made in respect of the acquisition agreement entered into between PHCS and Alexander Infusion.

PBM Services Payment Delay

The Company has historically engaged a third party processor to process PBM Services cash card claims. The third party processor has ceased paying amounts due to the Company. As of June 30, 2015, the total amount owed to the Company is approximately \$6.8 million. The Company has initiated arbitration to collect approximately \$6.8 million due from the third party processor. The arbitration process is expected to take several more months. As of June 30, 2015, no reserve has been provided for the amounts due to the Company as we believe the amounts owed will be paid in full, however, there are uncertainties around any arbitration process.

Government Regulation

Various federal and state laws and regulations affecting the healthcare industry do or may impact the Company's current and planned operations, including, without limitation, federal and state laws prohibiting kickbacks in government health programs, federal and state antitrust and drug distribution laws, and a wide variety of consumer protection, insurance and other state laws and regulations. While management believes the Company is in substantial compliance with all existing laws and regulations material to the operation of its business, such laws and regulations are often uncertain in their application to our business practices as they evolve and are subject to rapid change. As controversies continue to arise in the healthcare industry, federal and state regulation and enforcement priorities in this area can be expected to increase, the impact of which cannot be predicted.

From time to time, the Company responds to investigatory subpoenas and requests for information from governmental agencies and private parties. The Company cannot predict with certainty what the outcome of any of the foregoing might be. While the Company believes it is in substantial compliance with all laws, rules and regulations that affects its business and operations, there can be no assurance that the Company will not be subject to scrutiny or challenge under one or more existing laws or that any such challenge would not be successful. Any such challenge, whether or not successful, could have a material effect upon the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. A violation of the Federal anti-kickback statute, for example, may result in substantial criminal penalties, as well as suspension or exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Moreover, the costs and expenses associated with defending these actions, even where successful, can be significant. Further, there can be no assurance the Company will be able to obtain or maintain any of the regulatory approvals that may be required to operate its business, and the failure to do so could have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Leases

The Company leases its facilities and certain equipment under various operating leases with third parties. The majority of these leases contain escalation clauses that increase base rent payments based upon either the Consumer Price Index or an agreed upon schedule.

In addition, the Company utilizes capital leases agreements with third parties to obtain certain assets such as vehicles. Interest rates on capital leases are both fixed and variable and range from 3% to 7%.

As of June 30, 2015, future minimum lease payments under operating and capital leases are as follows (in thousands):

	$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{j}}$	perating			
]	Leases	Capital Leases	3	Total
2015 (six months)	\$	4,560	\$ 181	\$	4,741
2016		7,921	122		8,043
2017		6,773	62		6,835
2018		4,713	11		4,724
2019		2,731	_		2,731
2020 and thereafter		2,357	_		2,357
Total	\$	29,055	\$ 376	\$	29,431

Rent expense for leased facilities and equipment was approximately \$1.8 million and \$2.0 million three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$3.7 million and \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Purchase Commitments

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had commitments to purchase prescription drugs from drug manufacturers of approximately \$23.3 million during the remainder of 2015. These purchase commitments are made at levels expected to be used in the normal course of business.

NOTE 12--OPERATING AND REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

Following the sale of substantially all of the Company's Home Health Services segment on March 31, 2014, the Company's operating and reportable segments, "Infusion Services," and "PBM Services," reflect how the Company's chief operating decision maker reviews the Company's results in terms of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Infusion Services operating and reportable segment provides services consisting of home infusion therapy, respiratory therapy and the provision of durable medical equipment, products and services. Infusion services include the dispensing and administering of infusion-based drugs, which typically require nursing support and clinical management services, equipment to administer the correct dosage and patient training designed to improve patient outcomes.

The PBM Services operating and reportable segment consists of PBM services, which primarily consists of discount card programs. The discount card programs provide a cost effective alternative for individuals who may be uninsured, underinsured or may have restrictive coverage that disallows reimbursement for certain medications. Under these discount programs, individuals who present a discount card at one of the Company's participating network pharmacies receive prescription medications at a discounted price compared to the retail price. In addition, in the Company's capacity as a pharmacy benefit manager, it has fully funded prescription benefit programs where the Company reimburses its network pharmacies and third party payors in turn reimburse the Company based on Medi-Span reported pricing for those claims fulfilled for their plan participants.

The Company's chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources based on Segment Adjusted EBITDA. Segment Adjusted EBITDA is defined as income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income taxes adjusted for net interest expense, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation, amortization of intangibles, impairments and stock-based compensation expense and prior to the allocation of certain corporate expenses. Segment Adjusted EBITDA excludes acquisition, integration and transitional expenses; restructuring and other expense; and other expenses related to the Company's strategic assessment. Segment Adjusted EBITDA also excludes the operating losses of start-up branch locations that the Company has invested in organically rather than through acquisition. Segment Adjusted EBITDA is a measure of earnings that management monitors as an important indicator of operating and financial performance. The accounting policies of the operating and reportable segments are consistent with those described in the Company's summary of significant accounting policies.

Segment Reporting Information (in thousands)

	Three Mon	nths l ne 30,			hs Ended e 30,			
	 2015		2014	 2015		2014		
Results of Operations:								
Revenue:								
Infusion Services - product revenue	\$ 241,020	\$	225,277	\$ 480,067	\$	441,180		
Infusion Services - service revenue	5,957		5,271	11,187		10,437		
Total Infusion Services revenue	 246,977		230,548	 491,254		451,617		
PBM Services - service revenue	15,386		16,577	32,790		34,801		
Total revenue	\$ 262,363	\$	247,125	\$ 524,044	\$	486,418		
Adjusted EBITDA by Segment before corporate overhead:								
Infusion Services	\$ 4,140	\$	16,194	\$ 16,839	\$	31,155		
PBM Services	1,737		1,837	3,126		3,512		
Total Segment Adjusted EBITDA	 5,877		18,031	19,965	_	34,667		
Corporate overhead	(8,411)		(7,016)	(16,179)		(14,492)		
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA	 (2,534)		11,015	 3,786		20,175		
Interest expense, net	(9,080)		(9,135)	(18,243)		(19,634)		
Loss on sale of assets	(628)			(628)		_		
Income tax (expense) benefit	19,921		(3,063)	17,993		(6,554)		
Depreciation	(4,130)		(3,958)	(8,434)		(7,794)		
Amortization of intangibles	(1,489)		(1,620)	(2,979)		(3,323)		
Impairment of goodwill	(238,000)		_	(238,000)		_		
Stock-based compensation expense	(1,162)		(1,998)	(2,819)		(4,884)		
Acquisition and integration expenses	(259)		(5,333)	(479)		(11,832)		
Restructuring and other expenses	(5,803)		(4,519)	(9,266)		(10,021)		
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$ (243,164)	\$	(18,611)	\$ (259,069)	\$	(43,867)		

		2015	2014			
Total Assets:	'					
Infusion Services	\$	510,566	\$	755,955		
PBM Services		26,702		29,147		
Corporate unallocated, including cash and cash equivalents		39,881		39,611		
Total Assets	\$	577,149	\$	824,713		

NOTE 13--CONCENTRATION OF RISK

Customer and Credit Risk

The Company provides trade credit to its customers in the normal course of business. One commercial payor, United Healthcare, accounted for approximately 24% of revenue during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. In addition, Medicare accounted for approximately 10% and 12% of revenue during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The majority of the revenue is related to the Infusion Services segment.

Therapy Revenue Risk

The Company sells products related to the Immune Globulin therapy, which represented 16% and 17% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and 16% and 18% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The revenue is related to the Infusion Services segment.

NOTE 14--INCOME TAXES

The Company's Federal and state income tax expense from continuing operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is summarized in the following table (in thousands):

		Three Mor Jun	nths E	inded	Six Mont Jun	hs Ei ie 30,			
		2015		2014	 2015		2014		
Current									
Federal	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_		
State		29		(587)	30		196		
Total current		29		(587)	30		196		
Deferred									
Federal		(16,816)		3,248	(15,188)		5,644		
State		(3,134)		402	(2,835)		714		
Total deferred		(19,950)		3,650	(18,023)		6,358		
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$	(19,921)	\$	3,063	\$ (17,993)	\$	6,554		

The tax benefit recognized for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 is a result of the decrease in deferred tax liability related to goodwill which decreased due to the goodwill impairment charge.

The Company's reconciliation of the statutory rate from continuing operations to the effective income tax rate for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mor	ths 1 e 30,			nded ,		
	2015		2014	2015			2014
Tax benefit at statutory rate	\$ (92,080)	\$	(5,374)	\$	(96,972)	\$	(13,044)
State tax expense (benefit), net of Federal taxes	11		(384)		11		125
Change in tax contingencies	2		_		2		_
Valuation allowance changes affecting income tax expense	31,098		8,755		37,879		19,356
Impairment of goodwill	40,977		_		40,977		_
Non-deductible transaction costs and other	71		66		110		117
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ (19,921)	\$	3,063	\$	(17,993)	\$	6,554

NOTE 15--STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

BioScrip Equity Incentive Plan

Under the Company's Amended and Restated 2008 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended and restated, the "2008 Plan"), the Company may issue, among other things, incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock grants, restricted stock units and performance units to key employees and directors. While SARs are authorized under the 2008 Plan, they may also be issued outside of the plan.

On May 8, 2014, the Company's stockholders (i) approved an amendment to the 2008 Plan to increase the number of authorized shares of Common Stock available for issuance by 2,500,000 shares (the "2014 Additional Shares") to 9,355,000 shares and to clarify that cash dividends or dividend equivalents may not be paid to holders of unvested restricted stock units, restricted stock grants and performance units until such awards are vested and non-forfeitable; and (ii) re-approved the material terms of the performance goals that are a part of the 2008 Plan.

On September 19, 2014, the Company filed a Registration Statement on Form S-8 to register the issuance of the 2014 Additional Shares that were approved by the Company's stockholders on May 8, 2014.

As of June 30, 2015, 1,858,427 shares remain available for grant under the 2008 Plan.

Stock Options

The Company recognized compensation expense related to stock options of \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$3.1 million and \$3.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Restricted Stock

The Company recognized compensation expense related to restricted stock awards of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively and \$0.3 million and \$1.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Stock Appreciation Rights

The Company recognized compensation (benefit) related to stock appreciation rights awards of \$(0.1) million and \$0.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively and \$(0.6) million and \$0.2 million during six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On May 7, 2013, the Company's stockholders approved the BioScrip, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"). The ESPP provides all eligible employees, as defined under the ESPP, the opportunity to purchase up to a maximum number of shares of Common Stock of the Company as determined by the Compensation Committee. Participants in the ESPP may acquire the Common Stock at a cost of 85% of the lower of the fair market value on the first or last day of the quarterly offering period. The Company has filed a Registration Statement on Form S-8 to register 750,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, for issuance under the ESPP. The Company recently implemented the ESPP and employee participation began April 1, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, no shares have been issued and less than \$0.1 million of expense has been incurred under the ESPP. On July 2, 2015, the Company purchased and delivered 40,261 shares of Common Stock to its employees pursuant to the ESPP.

NOTE 16 -- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Rights Offering

Subsequent to June 30, 2015, the Company completed its previously announced rights offering (the "Rights Offering") pursuant to which the Company had distributed subscription rights to purchase units consisting of (1) Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, each share convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price of \$5.17 per share, (2) Class A warrants to purchase one share of Common Stock at a price of \$5.17 per share (the "Public Class A Warrants"), and (3) Class B

warrants to purchase one share of Common Stock at a price of \$6.45 per share (the "Public Class B Warrants" and, together with the Public Class A Warrants, the "Public Warrants"). The Rights Offering expired on July 27, 2015, pursuant to which the Company's stockholders exercised subscription rights to purchase 10,822 units, consisting of an aggregate of 10,822 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, 31,025 Public Class A Warrants, and 31,025 Public Class B Warrants, at a subscription price of \$100.00 per unit. Pursuant to the Rights Offering, the Company raised gross proceeds of approximately \$1.1 million.

With the exception of the expiration date, the PIPE Class A Warrants issued pursuant to the PIPE Transaction, as amended by the Warrant Addendum, have the same terms as the Public Class A Warrants issued pursuant to the Rights Offering. Similarly, with the exception of the expiration date, the PIPE Class B Warrants issued pursuant to the PIPE Transaction, as amended by the Warrant Addendum, have the same terms as the Public Class B Warrants issued pursuant to the Rights Offering.

Fourth Amendment to Senior Credit Facilities

On August 6, 2015, the Company entered into a fourth amendment (the "Fourth Amendment") to its Senior Credit Facilities. The Fourth Amendment, among other things, provides additional relief with respect to measuring compliance with the maximum first lien net leverage ratio for the fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2015 through and including March 31, 2017 and modifies and extends an alternate leverage test for the fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2015 through and including March 31, 2017. The levels for the maximum first lien net leverage ratio for certain of these quarters were increased by the Fourth Amendment. The availability of the alternative first lien net leverage ratio is subject to a number of conditions, including a minimum liquidity requirement and a maximum utilization test.

Sale of PBM Services segment

On August 9, 2015, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") by and between the Company, BioScrip PBM Services, LLC (the "Seller") and ProCare Pharmacy Benefit Manager Inc., a privately held pharmacy benefit manager and part of the ProCare Rx companies (the "Buyer"), for the sale of the Company's PBM Services segment (the "PBM Business"). The sale of the PBM Business (the "Transaction") pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement is in furtherance of the Company's strategy to divest its non-core businesses and focus its growth initiatives and capital in its Infusion Services segment.

The closing of the Transaction is expected to occur on August 27, 2015 (the "Closing Date"). Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Buyer has agreed to acquire substantially all of the assets used solely in connection with the PBM Business and to assume certain PBM Business liabilities for a total cash purchase price of approximately \$25 million (the "Purchase Price"), subject to adjustment based on the total net working capital of the PBM Business as of the Closing Date. At the closing of the Transaction, the Buyer will pay the Purchase Price to the Seller. The Transaction and the other transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement are subject to customary closing conditions, including compliance with covenants and receipt of certain contractual consents.

Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Company has guaranteed to the Buyer the payment in full of all amounts of the Sellers's obligations to indemnify the Buyer under the Asset Purchase Agreement.

The Asset Purchase Agreement contains standard and customary representations, warranties, covenants and indemnification provisions, including indemnification by the Seller with respect to claims related to actions taken or events occurring prior to the Closing Date. The Asset Purchase Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Closing Date by mutual agreement of the Seller and Buyer, or by either the Seller or the Buyer if the other party fails to satisfy the applicable closing conditions under the Asset Purchase Agreement by September 30, 2015.

2015 Financial Improvement Plan

On August 10, 2015, the Company announced a plan to implement a new operations financial improvement plan (the "Financial Improvement Plan") as part of an initiative to accelerate long-term growth, reduce costs and increase operating efficiencies. In connection with the Financial Improvement Plan, the Company intends to consolidate corporate functions in the Company's Eden Prairie, Minnesota facility and close the Elmsford, New York office by December 31, 2015. The Company estimates that the Financial Improvement Plan will be substantially completed by the end of the fourth quarter of 2015 and expects it will result in approximately 300 job losses. These targeted reductions are not expected to impact the Company's ability to provide quality care and service to patients. The Company expects that it will incur costs related to the Financial Improvement Plan.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements, including the notes thereto, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "Annual Report") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), as well as our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this report.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report") contains statements not purely historical and which may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including statements regarding our expectations, beliefs, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends concerning matters that are not historical facts or that necessarily depend upon future events. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "project," "predict," "potential," and similar expressions. Specifically, this Quarterly Report contains, among others, forward-looking statements about:

- our ability to make principal and interest payments on our debt and unsecured notes and satisfy the other covenants contained in our senior secured credit facility and other debt agreements;
- our high level of indebtedness;
- our expectations regarding financial condition or results of operations in future periods;
- · our future sources of, and needs for, liquidity and capital resources;
- our expectations regarding economic and business conditions;
- our expectations regarding potential legislative and regulatory changes impacting the level of reimbursement received from the Medicare and state Medicaid programs;
- our internal control over financial reporting;
- periodic reviews and billing audits from governmental and private payors;
- our expectations regarding the size and growth of the market for our products and services;
- · our business strategies and our ability to grow our business;
- the implementation or interpretation of current or future regulations and legislation, particularly governmental oversight of our business;
- our expectations regarding the recoverability of our goodwill, goodwill impairment charge estimates and the potential for future impairment charges;
- our ability to successfully execute our financial improvement plan;
- our ability to maintain contracts and relationships with our customers;
- our ability to avoid delays in payment from our customers;
- · sales and marketing efforts;
- status of material contractual arrangements, including the negotiation or re-negotiation of such arrangements;
- · our ability to address cybersecurity risks;
- our ability to maintain supplies and services, which could be impacted by force majeure events such as war, strike, riot, crime or "acts of God" such as hurricanes, flooding, blizzards or earthquakes;
- future capital expenditures;
- · our ability to hire and retain key employees;
- our ability to successfully execute our succession plans;
- our ability to execute our acquisition and growth strategy;
- · our ability to successfully integrate businesses we may acquire; and
- other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in our filings with the SEC.

Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, involve risks and uncertainties and that actual results may differ materially from those possible results discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Important factors that could cause such differences include, among other things:

- risks associated with increased government regulation related to the health care and insurance industries in general, and more specifically, home infusion and pharmacy benefit management providers;
- · our expectation regarding the interim and ultimate outcome of commercial disputes, including litigation;
- · unfavorable economic and market conditions;
- disruptions in supplies and services resulting from force majeure events such as war, strike, riot, crime, or "acts of God" such as hurricanes, flooding, blizzards or earthquakes;
- · reductions in federal and state reimbursement for our products and services;
- · delays or suspensions of Federal and state payments for services provided;
- efforts to reduce healthcare costs and alter health care financing;

- effects of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, or PPACA, and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which amended PPACA, and the related accountable care organizations;
- existence of complex laws and regulations relating to our business;
- achieving financial covenants under our senior secured credit facility and unsecured notes indenture;
- availability of financing sources;
- declines and other changes in revenue due to the expiration of short-term contracts;
- network lockouts and decisions to in-source by health insurers including lockouts with respect to acquired entities;
- unforeseen contract terminations;
- our ability to comply with debt covenants in our senior secured credit facility and unsecured notes indenture and the increased leverage we incurred upon completion of the acquisition of substantially all of the assets and assumption of certain liabilities that constituted the home infusion business of CarePoint Partners Holdings LLC;
- difficulties in the implementation and ongoing evolution of our operating systems;
- difficulties with the implementation of our growth strategy and integrating businesses we have acquired or will acquire;
- increases or other changes in our acquisition cost for our products;
- increased competition from competitors having greater financial, technical, reimbursement, marketing and other resources could have the effect of reducing prices and margins;
- disruptions in our relationship with our primary supplier of prescription products;
- the level of our indebtedness and its effect on our ability to execute our business strategy and increased risk of default under our debt obligations;
- introduction of new drugs, which can cause prescribers to adopt therapies for existing patients that are less profitable to us;
- · risks associated with our issuance of Series A Preferred Stock and PIPE Warrants to the PIPE Investors (as defined below); and
- changes in industry pricing benchmarks, which could have the effect of reducing prices and margins.

You should not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements as they speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized.

Business Overview

We are a national provider of infusion and home care management solutions. We partner with physicians, hospital systems, skilled nursing facilities, healthcare payors and pharmaceutical manufacturers to provide patients access to post-acute care services. We operate with a commitment to bring customer-focused pharmacy and related healthcare infusion therapy services into the home or alternate-site setting. By collaborating with the full spectrum of healthcare professionals and the patient, we aim to provide cost-effective care that is driven by clinical excellence, customer service and values that promote positive outcomes and an enhanced quality of life for those whom we serve. As of the filing of this Quarterly Report, we have over 70 service locations in 28 states, executive offices in New York and corporate offices in Minnesota.

Our platform provides nationwide service capabilities and the ability to deliver clinical management services that offer patients a high-touch, community-based and home-based care environment. Our core services are provided in coordination with, and under the direction of, the patient's physician. Our multidisciplinary team of clinicians, including pharmacists, nurses, dietitians and respiratory therapists work with the physician to develop a plan of care suited to our patient's specific needs. Whether in the home, physician office, ambulatory infusion center, skilled nursing facility or other alternate sites of care, we provide products, services and condition-specific clinical management programs tailored to improve the care of individuals with complex health conditions such as gastrointestinal abnormalities, infectious diseases, cancer, multiple sclerosis, organ and blood cell transplants, bleeding disorders, immune deficiencies and heart failure.

Segments

Following the sale of our Home Health Business on March 31, 2014, our operating and reportable segments are "Infusion Services" and "PBM Services." These segments reflect how our chief operating decision maker reviews our results in terms of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Infusion Services operating and reportable segment provides services consisting of home infusion therapy, respiratory therapy and the provision of durable medical equipment, products and services. Infusion services include the dispensing and administering of infusion-based drugs, which typically require additional nursing and clinical management services, equipment to administer the correct dosage and patient training designed to improve patient outcomes. Home infusion services also include the dispensing of certain self-injectable therapies.

The integrated pharmacy benefit management ("PBM") Services operating and reportable segment consists of discount card programs. The discount card programs provide a cost effective alternative for individuals who may be uninsured, underinsured or may have restrictive coverage that disallows reimbursement for certain medications. Under these discount programs, individuals who present a discount card at one of our participating network pharmacies receive prescription medications at a discounted price compared to the retail price.

Strategic Transactions

In 2010, we commenced a strategic assessment of our business and operations. The assessment examined our market strengths and opportunities and compared our position to that of our competitors. As a result of this assessment and ensuing assessments, we have focused our investments in the Infusion Services segment, which remains the primary driver of our growth strategy. Subsequent transactions which executed the strategic plans were:

- On February 1, 2012, we entered into a Community Pharmacy and Mail Business Purchase Agreement (the "2012 Asset Purchase Agreement") by and among Walgreen Co. and certain subsidiaries (collectively, the "Buyers") with respect to the sale of certain assets, rights and properties (the "Pharmacy Services Asset Sale") relating to our traditional and specialty pharmacy mail operations and community retail pharmacy stores.
- On July 31, 2012, we acquired 100% of InfuScience, Inc. ("InfuScience"). InfuScience historically acquired, developed and operated businesses providing alternate site infusion pharmacy services through five infusion centers located in Eagan, Minnesota; Omaha, Nebraska; Chantilly, Virginia; Charleston, South Carolina; and Savannah, Georgia.
- On February 1, 2013, we acquired 100% of the ownership interest in HomeChoice Partners, Inc. ("HomeChoice"). Prior to our acquisition, HomeChoice serviced approximately 15,000 patients annually and had 14 infusion pharmacy locations in Pennsylvania, Washington, D.C., Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Missouri, and Alabama.
- On August 23, 2013, we completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets and assumption of certain liabilities that constituted the home infusion business (the "CarePoint Business") of CarePoint Partners Holdings LLC. CarePoint serviced approximately 20,500 patients annually and had 28 sites of service in nine states in the East Coast and Gulf Coast regions prior to our acquisition.
- · On March 31, 2014, we completed the sale of substantially all of our Home Health Services segment to LHC Group, Inc.

Restructuring and other expenses include expenses resulting from the execution of our strategic assessment and related restructuring plans, consisting primarily of employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs. It also includes other transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring. Expenses incurred to integrate acquisitions are recorded in acquisition and integration expenses on the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations. These costs include legal and financial advisory fees associated with acquisitions; employee severance related to staff rationalization; temporary redundant costs and integration costs to convert to common policies, procedures, and information systems.

Regulatory Matters Update

Approximately 24% of revenue for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was derived directly from Medicare, state Medicaid programs or other government payors, respectively. We also provide services to beneficiaries of Medicare, Medicaid and other government-sponsored healthcare programs through managed care entities. Medicare Part D, for example, is administered through managed care entities and PBMs. In the normal course of business, the Company and our customers are subject to legislative and regulatory changes impacting the level of reimbursement received from the Medicare and state Medicaid programs.

State Medicaid Programs

Over the last several years, increased Medicaid spending, combined with slow state revenue growth, led many states to institute measures aimed at controlling spending growth. Spending cuts have taken many forms including reducing eligibility and benefits, eliminating certain types of services, and provider reimbursement reductions. In addition, some states have been moving beneficiaries to managed care programs in an effort to reduce costs.

We have one state Medicaid program that represents approximately 6% of our consolidated revenue for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, and no individual state Medicaid reimbursement reduction is expected to have a material effect on our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. We are continually assessing the impact of the state Medicaid reimbursement cuts as states propose, finalize and implement various cost-saving measures.

Given the reimbursement pressures, we continue to improve operational efficiencies and reduce costs to mitigate the impact on results of operations where possible. In some cases, reimbursement rate reductions may result in negative operating results, and we would likely exit some or all services where rate reductions result in unacceptable returns to our stockholders.

States are also in the process of determining whether to expand their Medicaid programs as permitted by the PPACA. We cannot predict the impact of these decisions.

Medicare

Federal efforts to reduce Medicare spending have continued in 2015. Congress first passed the PPACA, followed by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which amended PPACA. In August 2011, Congress passed a deficit reduction agreement that created a committee tasked with proposing legislation to reduce the federal deficit by November 23, 2011. Because the committee did not act, automatic Medicare cuts were scheduled to go into effect January 1, 2013. However, Congress passed legislation extending the time for such cuts by two months. Thus, Medicare reimbursement to providers was reduced overall by 2% (as part of sequestration) beginning April 1, 2013. The reductions in Medicare reimbursement during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 have not been significant but the impact on future results of operations cannot yet be predicted.

Approximately 10% of revenue for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 was derived from Medicare.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). In preparing our financial statements, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. As a result, actual results could differ from these estimates.

We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that may not be readily apparent from other sources. Our actual results may differ from these estimates, and different assumptions or conditions may yield different estimates. Except as discussed below, there have been no changes to critical accounting estimates in the six months ended June 30, 2015. For a full description of our accounting policies please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Annual Report.

Change in Estimate of the Collectability of Accounts Receivable

During 2014, the Company experienced deterioration in the aging of certain accounts receivable primarily due to delays and disruptions related to the integration of our acquisitions in 2013. The disruption to billing and collection processes was attributable in part to the following:

- Re-licensure and new managed care credentialing was required in connection with the CarePoint Business;
- Medicare claims were not filed until retraining and review of eligibility was performed;
- Merged facilities and work teams in seven large markets and related employee turnover;
- Conversion to a single version of our dispensing and billing system while still managing accounts receivable run-off on five other legacy versions;
- Cash posting challenges that delayed secondary and patient billings and patient statement issuance.

The Company outsourced collections to third party agency partners and hired and trained billing and collection personnel to mitigate the effects of the disruption, however, the Company experienced more difficulty collecting the aged balances than it originally estimated. The Company provided incremental allowances in each quarter during 2014 to address the developing

deterioration, and as such, the Company materially changed its estimates based on actual collection experience during and after the acquisition disruption period.

The Company's accounts receivable over 180 days have increased by \$0.7 million since December 31, 2014 as several older balances are still the subject of collection projects with major payors. We believe we are adequately reserved on these balances over 180 days, however there is a higher risk of collection on these projects than the overall accounts receivable. The Company increased the allowance for doubtful accounts by \$5.8 million from December 31, 2014 and the allowance for doubtful accounts as a percentage of total accounts receivable is 35.5% at June 30, 2015 compared to 32.1% at December 31, 2014. The increase in reserves was predominantly on aged balances over 365 days old. The following table summarizes the aging of our net accounts receivable (net of allowance for contractual adjustments and prior to allowance for doubtful accounts), aged based on date of service and categorized based on the three primary overall types of accounts receivable characteristics (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015						December 31, 2014							
	Over 180					_								
	0 -	- 180 days		days		Total	0 -	- 180 days		days		Total		
Government	\$	24,706	\$	13,114	\$	37,820	\$	25,812	\$	13,036	\$	38,848		
Commercial		112,593		34,954		147,547		117,699		35,302		153,001		
Patient		6,920		11,516		18,436		4,899		10,562		15,461		
Gross accounts receivable	\$	144,219	\$	59,584		203,803	\$	148,410	\$	58,900		207,310		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-					(72,332)						(66,500)		
Net accounts receivable					\$	131,471					\$	140,810		

Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is recorded when the purchase price for an acquisition exceeds the estimated fair value of the net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is allocated to our reporting units based on relative fair value of the future benefit of the purchased operations to our existing business units. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment on an annual basis and whenever events or circumstances exist that indicates that the carrying value of goodwill may no longer be recoverable. The impairment evaluation is based on a two-step process. The first step ("Step 1") compares the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the first step indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, the second step ("Step 2") must be performed which determines the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill. The measurement of possible impairment is based upon the comparison of the implied fair value of reporting unit to its carrying value.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions. Our fair value for each reporting unit is determined based on a guideline public company analysis or market approach which utilizes current earnings multiples of comparable publicly-traded companies, a guideline transaction analysis which utilizes select actual comparable industry transactions and a discounted cash flow analysis which uses significant unobservable inputs, or level 3 inputs, as defined by the fair value hierarchy. We have equally weighted the valuation of our reporting units based on the three methods. We believe that this weighting is appropriate. A reporting unit's carrying value represents the assignment of various assets and liabilities, excluding certain corporate assets and liabilities, such as cash and debt.

Although this analysis has not been completed due to its complexity, based on the work performed to date the Company has recorded a preliminary estimated impairment charge of \$238.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, all of which related to our Infusion Services segment. The impairment charge is subject to finalization of fair value which the Company will complete in the third quarter of fiscal 2015. The Company believes that the preliminary estimate of impairment charge is reasonable and represents the Company's best estimate of the impairment charge to be incurred; however, it is possible that a material adjustment to the preliminary estimate may be required as the analysis is finalized. Any adjustment to the preliminary estimated impairment charge will be recorded in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in the third quarter of 2015. Our goodwill impairment analysis is sensitive to changes in key assumptions used in our analysis, such as expected future cash flows, the degree of volatility in equity and debt markets, and our stock price. If the assumptions used in our analysis are not realized, it is possible that an impairment charge may need to be recorded in the future. We cannot accurately predict the amount and timing of any impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets. Further, as we work towards a turnaround of our business, we will need to continue to evaluate the carrying value of our goodwill. Any additional impairment charges that we may take in the future could be material to our results of operations and financial condition.

Results of Operations

The following discussion is based on our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. It compares our results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 with the prior year results of operations. As a result of the sale of substantially all of our Home Health Services segment on March 31, 2014, all prior period financial information has been reclassified to include the Home Health Services segment as discontinued operations.

Three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to three months ended June 30, 2014

Three Months Ended June 30,

(in thousands) 2015 2014 Change \$ Revenue 262,363 247,125 15,238 Gross profit 65,966 25.1 % 65,356 26.4 % 610 Loss from continuing operations (254,005)(96.8)% (2.6)%(247,592)(6,413)Interest expense, net 9,080 3.5 % (6,413)(2.6)%15,493 Loss from continuing operations, before income taxes (263,085)(100.3)%(15,548)(6.3)% (247,537)Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes (243,164)(92.7)% (18,611)(7.5)%(224,553)Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (1,644)(0.6)%(1,207)(0.5)%(437)\$ (244,808)(93.3)% Net loss (19,818)(8.0)%(224,990)

Revenue. Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$262.4 million compared to revenue of \$247.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014.

Infusion Services segment revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$247.0 million, compared to revenue of \$230.5 million for the same period in 2014, an increase of \$16.4 million, or 7.1%. Product revenue increased \$15.7 million, or 7.0%, substantially as a result of additional revenue in chronic, nutrition and other therapies.

PBM Services segment revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$15.4 million, compared to revenue of \$16.6 million for the same period in 2014, a decrease of \$1.2 million, or 7.2%. This decrease in service revenue was primarily due to decreases in discount cash card revenue of \$1.1 million.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$66.0 million compared to \$65.4 million for the same period in 2014, an increase of \$0.6 million, or 0.9%. The increase in gross profit dollars was due to revenue growth in the Infusion Services segment partially offset by lower PBM Services gross profit. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenue from 26.4% to 25.1% was mainly due to a revenue mix shift in our Infusion Services segment between our core therapies to chronic and other therapies which have a lower margin rate.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were \$60.4 million, or 23.0% of total revenue, compared to \$57.2 million, or 23.2% of total revenue, for the same period in 2014. The increase in SG&A expense is due mainly to increased wages and benefits costs. The decrease in SG&A as a percentage of revenue was due to restructuring plans executed in 2014, operating leverage attained on Infusion Services segment growth and a reduction of the PBM Services segment cash card business which incurs high selling costs as a percentage of revenue.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration. The change in fair value of contingent consideration for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$(0.1) million and \$(4.6) million, respectively. The adjustments recorded in 2015 were due to the passage of time and the adjustments recorded in 2014 were due to the remeasurement at fair value of the probability of the sellers of the HomeChoice acquisition earning contingent consideration based on product gross profit performance versus target was reduced \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. In addition, the contingent consideration related to the

CarePoint Business acquisition was remeasured at fair value and resulted in the reduction of contingent consideration of \$4.0 million.

Bad Debt Expense. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, bad debt expense was \$15.1 million, or 5.8% of revenue, compared to \$8.4 million or 3.4% of revenue, for the same period in 2014. The increase in reserves in the quarter was predominantly attributable to aged balances over 365 days old.

Goodwill Impairment. During the second quarter of 2015, we performed an impairment test of goodwill due to market conditions as of June 30, 2015. The Company's market capitalization as calculated, using the share price multiplied by the shares outstanding, had declined in the second quarter and from fiscal year end 2014 resulting in a market value significantly lower than the fair value of the business segments. We recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$238.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 related to our Infusion Services segment.

Acquisition and Integration Expenses. During the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, acquisition and integration expenses were \$0.3 million and \$5.3 million, respectively. These costs include legal fees, third party consulting costs, employee related costs and facility consolidation costs associated with acquisitions and integration related activities to convert to common policies, procedures, and information systems. In addition, the three months ended June 30, 2014 includes approximately \$2.1 million of revenue reserve adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for contractual discounts related to acquired accounts receivable balances that are no longer deemed collectible.

Restructuring and Other Expenses. We incurred restructuring and other expenses of \$4.8 million and \$3.9 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These expenses result from the execution of our strategic assessment and related restructuring plans, consisting primarily of employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs. It also includes other transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring. The increase between periods primarily resulted from higher employee related costs during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Amortization of Intangibles. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded amortization of intangible assets of \$1.5 million compared to \$1.6 million for the same period in 2014.

Interest Expense, Net. Net interest expense was \$9.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$9.1 million for the same period in 2014.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$19.9 million on a pre-tax loss of \$263.1 million compared to \$3.1 million of income tax expense on a pre-tax loss of \$15.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Our income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 reflects a tax benefit of \$92.1 million based on statutory tax rates offset by expense related to a non-deductible goodwill charge of \$41.0 million and \$31.1 million related to adjustments to our deferred tax asset valuation allowances. Our income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 reflects a tax benefit of \$5.4 million based on statutory rates and a state tax expense of \$0.4 million that were offset primarily by a \$8.8 million adjustment to our deferred tax asset valuation allowance.

Loss from Discontinued Operations, Net of Income Taxes. Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes was \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, compared to a loss of \$1.2 million for the same period in 2014. The loss from discontinued operations during the three months ended June 30, 2015 primarily consists of legal fees.

Net Loss and Loss Per Share. Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$248.8 million, or \$3.62 per basic and diluted share. Net loss was \$19.8 million, or \$0.29 per basic and diluted share, for the same period in 2014.

Six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to six months ended June 30, 2014

Six Months Ended June 30,

(in thousands)

	 2015			2014			Change		
Revenue	\$ 524,044		\$	486,418		\$	37,626		
Gross profit	132,439	25.3 %		130,456	26.8 %		1,983		
Loss from continuing operations	(258,819)	(49.4)%		(17,679)	(3.6)%		(241,140)		
Interest expense, net	18,243	3.5 %		19,634	4.0 %		(1,391)		
Loss from continuing operations, before income taxes	(277,062)	(52.9)%		(37,313)	(7.7)%		(239,749)		
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	(259,069)	(49.4)%		(43,867)	(9.0)%		(215,202)		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(5,412)	(1.0)%		(1,265)	(0.3)%		(4,147)		
Net loss	\$ (264,481)	(50.5)%	\$	(45,132)	(9.3)%	\$	(219,349)		

Revenue. Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$524.0 million compared to revenue of \$486.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Infusion Services segment revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$491.3 million, compared to revenue of \$451.6 million for the same period in 2014, an increase of \$39.6 million, or 8.8%. Product revenue increased \$38.9 million, or 8.8%, substantially as a result of additional revenue in chronic, nutrition and other therapies.

PBM Services segment revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$32.8 million, compared to revenue of \$34.8 million for the same period in 2014, a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 5.8%. This decrease in service revenue was primarily due to decreases in discount cash card revenue of \$1.8 million and decreases in new funded business volume of approximately \$0.3 million.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$132.4 million compared to \$130.5 million for the same period in 2014, an increase of \$2.0 million, or 1.5%. The increase in gross profit dollars was due to revenue growth in the Infusion Services segment partially offset by lower PBM Services gross profit. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenue from 26.8% to 25.3% was mainly due to a revenue mix shift in our Infusion Services segment between our core therapies to chronic and other therapies which have a lower margin rate.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were \$118.1 million, or 22.5% of total revenue, compared to \$116.4 million, or 23.9% of total revenue, for the same period in 2014. The increase in SG&A expense is due mainly to increased wages and benefits costs. The decrease in SG&A as a percentage of revenue was due to restructuring plans executed in 2014, operating leverage attained on Infusion Services segment growth and a reduction of the PBM Services segment cash card business which incurs high selling costs as a percentage of revenue.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration. The change in fair value of contingent consideration for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$(0.1) million and \$6.9 million, respectively. The adjustments recorded in 2015 were due to the passage of time and the adjustments in 2014 were due to remeasurement at fair value of the probability of the sellers of Home Choice earning contingent consideration based on product gross profit performance versus target was reduced \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. In addition, the contingent consideration related to the CarePoint Business acquisition was remeasured at fair value and resulted in the reduction of contingent consideration of \$4.8 million.

Bad Debt Expense. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, bad debt expense was \$23.5 million, or 4.5% of revenue, compared to \$15.0 million or 3.1% of revenue, for the same period in 2014. Approximately \$8.6 million of the increase in bad debt expense between periods was due to reserves provided on receivables attributable to aged balances over 365 days old.

Goodwill Impairment. During the second quarter of 2015, we performed an impairment test of goodwill due to market conditions as of June 30, 2015. The Company's market capitalization as calculated, using the share price multiplied by the shares outstanding, had declined in the second quarter and from fiscal year end 2014 resulting in a market value significantly lower than the fair value of the business segments. We recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$238.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 related to our Infusion Services segment.

Acquisition and Integration Expenses. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, acquisition and integration expenses were \$0.5 million and \$11.8 million, respectively. These costs include legal fees, third party consulting costs, employee related costs and facility consolidation costs associated with acquisitions and integration related activities to convert to common policies, procedures, and information systems. In addition, the six months ended June 30, 2014 includes approximately \$5.4 million of revenue reserve adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for contractual discounts related to acquired accounts receivable balances that are no longer deemed collectible.

Restructuring and Other Expenses. We incurred restructuring and other expenses of \$8.3 million and \$8.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These expenses result from the execution of our strategic assessment and related restructuring plans, consisting primarily of employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs. It also includes other transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring. The decrease between periods primarily resulted from lower third party consulting costs and employee related costs partially offset by higher facility-related costs during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Amortization of Intangibles. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded amortization of intangible assets of \$3.0 million compared to \$3.3 million for the same period in the prior year.

Interest Expense, *Net*. Net interest expense was \$18.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$19.6 million for the same period in 2014. The \$1.4 million decrease in interest expense resulted primarily from a decrease in amortization of deferred financing costs.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$18.0 million on a pre-tax loss of \$277.1 million compared to \$6.6 million of income tax expense on a pre-tax loss of \$37.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Our income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 reflects a tax benefit of \$97.0 million based on statutory tax rates offset by expense related to a non-deductible goodwill charge of \$41.0 million and \$37.9 million related to adjustments to our deferred tax asset valuation allowances. Our income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 reflects a tax benefit of \$13.0 million based on statutory rates and a state tax expense of \$0.1 million that were offset primarily by a \$19.4 million adjustment to our deferred tax asset valuation allowance.

Loss from Discontinued Operations, Net of Income Taxes. Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes was \$5.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to a loss of \$1.3 million for the same period in the prior year. The loss from discontinued operations during the six months ended June 30, 2015 primarily consists of lease abandonment reserves and legal fees.

Net Loss and Loss Per Share. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$270.1 million, or \$3.93 per basic and diluted share. Net loss was \$45.1 million, or \$0.66 per basic and diluted share, for the same period in the preceding year.

Non-GAAP Measures

Non-GAAP Reconciliation -- Adjusted EBITDA. The following table reconciles GAAP loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA and Segment Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is net income (loss) adjusted for net interest expense, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation, impairments, amortization and stock-based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA also excludes certain acquisition-related charges such as transaction costs and acquisition integration expenses; costs associated with the execution of our strategic assessment and related restructuring plans, consisting primarily of employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs. Adjusted EBITDA also excludes other transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring.

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA and Segment Adjusted EBITDA are measures of earnings that management monitors as an important indicator of financial performance, particularly future earnings potential and recurring cash flow. Adjusted EBITDA is also a primary objective of the management bonus plan.

Non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our calculation of Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, may differ from similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We encourage investors to review these reconciliations and we qualify our use of non-GAAP financial measures with cautionary statements as to their limitations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					nded		
	-	2015		2014		2015		2014
		(in tho	usand	ls)		(in tho	usanc	ls)
Results of Operations:								
Adjusted EBITDA by Segment before corporate overhead:								
Infusion Services	\$	4,140	\$	16,194	\$	16,839	\$	31,155
PBM Services		1,737		1,837		3,126		3,512
Total Segment Adjusted EBITDA		5,877		18,031		19,965		34,667
Corporate overhead		(8,411)		(7,016)		(16,179)		(14,492)
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA		(2,534)		11,015		3,786		20,175
Interest expense, net		(9,080)		(9,135)		(18,243)		(19,634)
Income tax expense		19,921		(3,063)		17,993		(6,554)
Depreciation		(4,130)		(3,958)		(8,434)		(7,794)
Amortization of intangibles		(1,489)		(1,620)		(2,979)		(3,323)
Impairment of goodwill		(238,000)		_		(238,000)		_
Stock-based compensation expense		(1,162)		(1,998)		(2,819)		(4,884)
Acquisition and integration expenses		(259)		(5,333)		(479)		(11,832)
Restructuring and other expenses		(5,803)		(4,519)		(9,266)		(10,021)
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	(243,164)	\$	(18,611)	\$	(259,069)	\$	(43,867)

Infusion Services segment Adjusted EBITDA decreased during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same periods in the prior year mainly as a result of the mix of revenue in 2015 having a lower gross profit percentage and the increase to contractual and bad debt expense over historical run rates of \$8.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015 and \$8.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

PBM Services segment Adjusted EBITDA decreased during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to decreases in discount cash card volumes.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation -- Adjusted EPS. In an effort to provide better transparency into the operational results of the business and better comparability to other market participants, we have identified non-operating (non-GAAP) categories of earnings per share (Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS) from continuing operations. Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS is a measure that excludes the effects of amortization of intangibles and stock-based compensation expense. Adjusted EPS also excludes certain acquisition-related charges such as transaction costs and acquisition and integration expenses; costs associated with restructuring such as employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third-party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs; transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, and professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring; and investments in 2014 start-up branch locations. We consider these costs to be outside the normal operational performance of the business.

We believe this provides useful information regarding the underlying performance of our business in comparison to our historical operating results. The tables below provide a reconciliation of our net loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes, and basic and diluted loss per common share from continuing operations as reported under GAAP to our Adjusted EPS presentation, which is a non-GAAP measure.

Non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our calculation of Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, may differ from similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We encourage investors to review these reconciliations and we qualify our use of non-GAAP financial measures with cautionary statements as to their limitations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2015 ¹		2014 ¹		2015 ¹		2014 ¹	
						(in tho		ousands)	
Net loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	(243,164)	\$	(18,611)	\$	(259,069)	\$	(43,867)	
Accrued dividends on preferred stock		(1,805)		_		(2,258)		_	
Deemed dividend on preferred stock		(2,186)		_		(3,350)		_	
Loss attributable to common stockholders, from continuing operations		(247,155)		(18,611)	\$	(264,677)	\$	(43,867)	
Non-GAAP adjustments, net of income taxes:									
Restructuring and other expenses ²		5,803		4,519		9,266		10,021	
Loss on sale of assets		628		_		628		_	
Acquisition and integration expenses		259		5,333		479		11,832	
Amortization of intangibles		1,489		1,620		2,979		3,323	
Impairment of goodwill		238,000		_		238,000		_	
Compensation under stock-based compensation plans		1,162		1,998		2,819		4,884	
Non-GAAP net loss from continuing operations		186	\$	(5,141)	\$	(10,506)	\$	(13,807)	
Loss per share attributable to common stockholders, from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$	(3.60)	\$	(0.27)	\$	(3.85)	\$	(0.64)	
Non-GAAP adjustments, net of income tax:									
Restructuring and other expenses ³		0.08		0.07		0.13		0.15	
Loss on sale of assets		0.01		_		0.01		_	
Acquisition and integration expenses		_		0.08		0.01		0.17	
Amortization of intangibles		0.02		0.02		0.04		0.05	
Impairment of goodwill		3.46		_		3.47		_	
Compensation under stock-based compensation plans		0.02		0.03		0.04		0.07	
Non-GAAP loss per share from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$		\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.20)	
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted		68,698		68,468		68,668		68,354	

¹ For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, non-GAAP net loss from continuing operations adjustments are net of tax, calculated using a year-to-date effective tax rate method. However, there is no tax impact for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 as the Company was in an overall taxable loss position. The Company has recorded a full valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets and, as a result, no tax benefit is being recognized for the non-GAAP net loss from continuing operations.

² Restructuring and other expenses include costs associated with restructuring such as employee severance and other benefit-related costs, third party consulting costs, facility-related costs and certain other costs; transitional costs such as training, redundant salaries, retention bonuses for certain critical personnel, certain excess facility costs for locations not yet abandoned, professional fees and other costs related to contract terminations and closed branches which are not classified as restructuring; and, in 2014, investments in start-up branch locations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources and Uses of Funds

Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations totaled \$42.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$26.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$15.4 million. Our operating cash flows resulting from the net loss, after adjusting for non-cash expenses, were \$5.8 million higher than the prior year. In addition, significant changes in operating assets and liabilities used \$21.2 million more cash in the six months ended June 30, 2015. This consisted primarily of a year over year decrease in accounts receivable of \$29.3 million, primarily as a result of increases in our bad debt reserves, offset by a year over year decrease in accounts payable of \$19.0 million, year over year decrease in accrued expenses of \$9.5 million, year over year decrease in other accrued expenses and payables of \$12.1 million and a year over year increase in inventory and prepaid expenses of \$9.4 million.

Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$5.8 million compared to \$7.4 million of cash used during the same period in 2014. Expenditures for property and equipment were \$5.8 million during the 2015 period as compared to \$6.9 million in 2014. The net proceeds from the sale of the Home Health Services Business of \$57.7 million are included in net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations in the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Net cash provided by financing activities from continuing operations during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$52.4 million compared to cash used in financing activities continuing operations of \$18.8 million during the same period in 2014. The cash provided in 2015 results from the net proceeds of \$59.0 million related to our issuance of Series A Preferred Stock and PIPE Warrants in the PIPE Transaction and by advances of \$129.2 million offset by repayments of \$134.2 million on our Revolving Credit Facility (defined below). Cash used from financing activities during the same period in 2014 was due to repayments of \$59.3 million on our Revolving Credit facility and \$135.2 million of the term loan portion of the Senior Credit Facilities. These repayments were funded by the net proceeds of \$193.9 million related to our issuance of \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 8.875% senior notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"). In addition, we repaid \$17.2 million on our revolving Credit Facility and \$37.0 million of the term loan portion of the Senior Credit facilities from the net proceeds from our sale of the Home Health Services Business.

At June 30, 2015, we had working capital of \$51.4 million compared to \$25.9 million at December 31, 2014. The \$25.5 million increase in working capital primarily results from an increase in our cash and cash equivalents of \$0.4 million and a \$28.3 million reduction in current liabilities. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$69.8 million of our Revolving Credit Facility was available for working capital needs after considering outstanding letters of credit totaling \$5.2 million.

Senior Credit Facilities

On July 31, 2013, we entered into (i) a senior secured first-lien revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$75.0 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), (ii) a senior secured first-lien term loan B in an aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million (the "Term Loan B Facility") and (iii) a senior secured first-lien delayed draw term loan B in an aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million (the "Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility" and, together with the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan B Facility, the "Senior Credit Facilities") with SunTrust Bank, Jefferies Finance LLC and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc.

On January 31, 2014, we entered into a Second Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities (the "Second Amendment"), which, among other things (i) provides additional flexibility with respect to compliance with the maximum net leverage ratio for the fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2013 through and including December 31, 2014, (ii) provides additional flexibility under the indebtedness covenants to permit us to obtain up to \$150.0 million of second-lien debt and issue up to \$250.0 million of unsecured bonds, provided that 100% of the net proceeds are applied first to the Revolving Credit Facility, with no corresponding permanent commitment reduction, and then to the Term Loan B Facility, (iii) provides the requisite flexibility to sell non-core assets, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, and (iv) increased the applicable interest rates for the Term Loan Facilities to the Eurodollar rate plus 6.00% or the base rate plus 5.00%, until the occurrence of certain pricing decrease triggering events, as defined in the Second Amendment. Upon the occurrence of a pricing decrease triggering event, the interest rates for the Senior Credit Facilities may revert to the Eurodollar rate plus 5.25% or the base rate plus 4.25%. The partial repayments of the Senior Credit Facilities as a result of the issuance of the 2021 Notes and from the sale of the Home Health Business were pricing decrease triggering events that resulted in the interest rates reverting to the Eurodollar rate plus 5.25% or the base rate plus 4.25% as of March 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2015 the interest rate related to the Revolving Credit Facility is approximately 7.50% and 6.50% for the Term Loan Facilities. The interest rates may vary in the future depending on the Company's consolidated net leverage ratio.

On March 1, 2015, the Company entered into the Third Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities (the "Third Amendment") which establishes an alternate leverage test for the fiscal quarters ending March 31, 2015 through and including March 31, 2016. The maximum net leverage ratio for these quarters is consistent with that in effect for the prior four fiscal quarters. The Third Amendment eliminated the need to meet progressively lower leverage ratio requirements at each quarter end date for the next four quarters. The Third Amendment also reduces the Revolver Covenant Triggering Event from 25% of the Aggregate Revolving Commitment Amount beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2015 and provides for certain additional financial reporting.

On August 6, 2015, the Company entered into a fourth amendment (the "Fourth Amendment") to its Senior Credit Facilities. The Fourth Amendment, among other things, provides additional relief with respect to measuring compliance with the maximum first lien net leverage ratio for the fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2015 through and including March 31, 2017 and modifies and extends an alternate leverage test for the fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2015 through and including March 31, 2017. The levels for the maximum first lien net leverage ratio for certain of these quarters were increased by the Fourth Amendment. The availability of the alternative first lien net leverage ratio is subject to a number of conditions, including a minimum liquidity requirement and a maximum utilization test.

As discussed below, the net proceeds of approximately \$194.5 million from the issuance of the 2021 Notes on February 11, 2014 were used to repay \$59.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility and \$135.2 million of the term loan portion of the Senior Credit Facilities. In addition, approximately \$54.2 million of the net proceeds from the sale of our Home Health Business were used to repay \$17.2 million of the Revolving Credit Facility and \$37.0 million of the term loan portion of the Senior Credit Facilities. As of the date of this Quarterly Report, approximately \$45.3 million of the net proceeds from the PIPE Transaction (as defined below) were used to repay the Revolving Credit Facility and accrued interest. Once repaid, amounts under the Term Loan B Facility and the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility may not be re-borrowed. The Senior Credit Facilities are secured by substantially all of the Company's and its subsidiaries' assets.

The Revolving Credit Facility matures on July 31, 2018 at which time all principal amounts outstanding are due and payable. The Term Loan B Facility and the Delayed Draw Term Loan Facility each mature on July 31, 2020 at which time the remaining principal amount of approximately \$222.8 million is due and payable.

Issuance of 2021 Notes

On February 11, 2014, we issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2021 Notes with net proceeds to us of approximately \$194.5 million. The 2021 Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by all existing and future subsidiaries of the Company. As of June 30, 2015, we do not have any independent assets or operations and, as a result, our direct and indirect subsidiaries (other than minor subsidiaries), each being 100% owned by us, are fully and unconditionally, jointly and severally, providing guarantees on a senior unsecured basis to the 2021 Notes. The 2021 Notes were offered in the United States to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act and outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S under the Securities Act pursuant to an Indenture dated February 11, 2014, by and among the Company, the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.

Interest on the 2021 Notes accrues at the rate of 8.875% per annum and is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing on August 15, 2014. The debt discount of \$5.0 million at issuance is being amortized as interest expense through maturity which will result in the accretion over time of the outstanding debt balance to the principal amount. The 2021 Notes are the Company's senior unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of its other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to all of its existing and future subordinated indebtedness.

PIPE Transaction

On March 9, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Coliseum Capital Partners, L.P., Coliseum Capital Partners II, L.P., and Blackwell Partners, LLC, Series A, (collectively, the "PIPE Investors"). Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the Company issued and sold to the PIPE Investors in a private placement (the "PIPE Transaction") an aggregate of (a) 625,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), at a purchase price per share of \$100.00, (b) 1,800,000 Class A warrants (the "PIPE Class A Warrants"), and (c) 1,800,000 Class B warrants (the "PIPE Class B Warrants" and, together with the PIPE Class A Warrants, the "PIPE Warrants"), for gross proceeds of \$62.5 million. The initial conversion price for the Series A Preferred Stock is \$5.17. Pursuant to an addendum (the "Warrant Addendum"), dated March 23, 2015, to the Warrant Agreement, dated March 9, 2015, with the PIPE Investors, the PIPE Investors paid the Company \$483,559 in the aggregate, and the per share exercise price of the PIPE Class A Warrants and PIPE Class B Warrants was set at \$5.17 and \$6.45, respectively, reduced from \$5.295 to \$5.17 and

from \$6.595 to \$6.45, respectively. The Series A Preferred Stock and the PIPE Warrants were issued in reliance upon the exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act as set forth in Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506(b) of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had repaid approximately \$45.3 million of the Revolving Credit Facility indebtedness and accrued interest, representing 77% of the PIPE Transactions net proceeds.

Rights Offering

On June 30, 2015, we announced the commencement of a rights offering (the "Rights Offering") pursuant to which we distributed subscription rights to purchase units consisting of (1) Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, each share convertible into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$5.17 per share, (2) Class A warrants to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$5.17 per share (the "Public Class A Warrants"), and (3) Class B warrants to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$6.45 per share (the "Public Class B Warrants" and, together with the Public Class A Warrants, the "Public Warrants"). Subsequent to June 30, 2015, the Rights Offering expired on July 27, 2015. Our stockholders exercised subscription rights to purchase 10,822 units, consisting of an aggregate of 10,822 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, 31,025 Public Class A Warrants, and 31,025 Public Class B Warrants, at a subscription price of \$100.00 per unit. Pursuant to the Rights Offering, we raised gross proceeds of approximately \$1.1 million.

With the exception of the expiration date, the PIPE Class A Warrants issued pursuant to the PIPE Transaction, as amended by the Warrant Addendum, have the same terms as the Public Class A Warrants issued pursuant to the Rights Offering. Similarly, with the exception of the expiration date, the PIPE Class B Warrants issued pursuant to the PIPE Transaction, as amended by the Warrant Addendum, have the same terms as the Public Class B Warrants issued pursuant to the Rights Offering.

Income Taxes

At June 30, 2015, we had Federal net operating loss ("NOL") carry forwards of approximately \$221.7 million, of which \$19.8 million is subject to an annual limitation, which will begin expiring in 2026 and later. Of our Federal NOLs, \$18.0 million will be recorded in additional paid-in capital when realized. These NOLs are related to the exercise of non-qualified stock options and restricted stock grants. We have post-apportioned state NOL carry forwards of approximately \$290.2 million, the majority of which will begin expiring in 2017 and later.

Future Cash Requirements

Net cash used in operating activities from continuing operations totaled \$40.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015. Although our working capital position as of June 30, 2015 reflects a \$24.0 million improvement versus December 31, 2014, the recent trends in our operational performance may increase our need for additional or alternative sources of liquidity, including borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2015, after considering outstanding letters of credit totaling \$5.2 million, we had no amounts drawn and borrowing capacity of approximately \$69.8 million under our Revolving Credit Facility available to supplement our working capital needs. As of August 10, 2015, we have \$38.0 million drawn on our Revolving Credit Facility. The additional flexibility provided by the Fourth Amendment is available to us as long as our Revolving Credit Facility balance does not exceed \$60.0 million, thereby giving us \$22.0 million of additional capacity before triggering more stringent financial covenants. We are subject to certain financial covenants, including a consolidated first lien leverage ratio. On August 6, 2015, we entered into the Fourth Amendment, which amended the Senior Credit Facility to provide additional flexibility with the financial covenants through March 31, 2017.

We regularly evaluate market conditions and financing options to improve our current liquidity profile and enhance our financial flexibility. These options may include opportunities to raise additional funds through the issuance of various forms of equity and/or debt securities or other instruments, the sale of assets or refinancing all or a portion of our indebtedness. However, there is no assurance that, if necessary, we would be able to raise capital to provide required liquidity.

Additionally, we will pursue our operational and strategic plan and will also, with the assistance of our financial advisor, review a range of strategic alternatives, which could include, among other things, a sale of additional non-core assets, transitioning chronic therapies to alliance partners, a potential sale or merger of our company, or continuing to pursue our operational and strategic plan. Additionally, we may pursue joint venture arrangements, additional business acquisitions and other transactions designed to expand our business.

As of the filing of this Quarterly Report, we expect that our cash from operations and available borrowing capacity under our

Revolving Credit Facility will be sufficient to fund our anticipated working capital, information technology systems investments, scheduled interest repayments and other cash needs for at least the next 12 months.

The following table sets forth our contractual obligations affecting cash in the future as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Payments Due in Period											
Contractual Obligations	Total	Re	mainder 2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		020 and Beyond
Long-term debt	\$ 418,619									 		418,619
Operating lease obligations	29,055		4,560		7,921		6,773		4,713	2,731		2,357
Capital lease obligations	376		181		122		62		11	_		_
Settlement agreement (1)	6,181		_		6,181		_		_	_		_
Purchase commitment (2)	23,331		23,331		_		_		_	_		_
Total	\$ 477,562	\$	28,072	\$	14,224	\$	6,835	\$	4,724	\$ 2,731	\$	420,976

- (1) Includes estimated interest.
- (2) Commitment to purchase prescription drugs from drug manufacturers.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to our exposure to market risk since the Annual Report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls as of the end of the period covered by this report were not effective as a result of material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting that were disclosed in Item 9A of the Annual Report as of December 31, 2014. The following control deficiencies were identified:

- Our internal control over the accounting for the establishment of accounts receivable related reserves and the timely recognition of bad debt expense was not designed appropriately in that the methodology averaged potential estimated reserve levels using various assumptions rather than selecting an estimate that emphasized the growth in aged balances during the year ended December 31, 2014.
- Our internal controls over significant and unusual transactions were not designed appropriately to ensure that the related accounting conclusions
 were sufficiently reviewed for compliance with GAAP.
- Our general information technology controls ("GITCs") intended to ensure that access to certain data is restricted to the appropriate personnel were
 not operating effectively. This impacted our ability to rely on related internal controls that used this data.

Based on its evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2015, management has identified no new material weaknesses that would be in addition to those previously described in the Annual Report.

In order to remediate the material weakness related to establishment of accounts receivable related reserves, we have developed a new methodology to estimate required reserves and have done extensive analysis of the periods prior to and after the disruption period that occurred related to the acquisition integration particularly in merged markets where facilities, work teams and information systems were consolidated. The new methodology and controls over establishment of accounts receivable related reserves was used to establish reserves as of June 30, 2015. In addition, action has been taken by management to further segregate access to data and information technology systems to address the material weakness in GITC. As a result of these management actions and the related controls validation testing, management has concluded that the material weakness in GITC was remediated as of June 1, 2015. Regarding significant and unusual transactions, we sought the advice of a third-party accounting firm on matters relating to the accounting of the PIPE transaction. While our management has taken actions to remediate the material weaknesses over establishment of accounts receivable related reserves and accounting for significant and unusual transactions, in order to conclude that remediation is complete, we must operate with the remediated controls in place and verify their effectiveness by testing control procedures for two quarters in 2015.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In light of the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting that continued to exist as of June 30, 2015, management performed additional analysis and procedures to ensure the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, management believes that the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and schedules included in this Form 10-Q fairly present in all material respects our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

Management, with oversight from the Audit Committee, is working to remediate the remaining material weakness in internal control over financial reporting disclosed in the Annual Report. No additional changes in our internal control over financial reporting were identified during the three months ended June 30, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting other than those remedial actions previously disclosed in the Annual Report and updated above.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Shareholder Class Action Litigation in the Delaware Court of Chancery

On April 9, 2015, two separate putative class action lawsuits were filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery (the "Delaware Court") by purported stockholders Lawrence Cline and Roger Rubin ("Plaintiffs"), respectively, in connection with the Purchase Agreement dated March 9, 2015, with the PIPE Investors, against the Company, directors of the Company and the PIPE Investors. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Company issued and sold to the PIPE Investors in a private placement (as defined above, the "PIPE Transaction") an aggregate of (a) 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, (b) 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants, and (c) 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants, as further described below.

As disclosed in the Company's definitive proxy materials relating to the 2015 Annual Meeting, the Company sought Stockholder Approval to remove certain conversion and voting restrictions affecting the Series A Preferred Stock and exercise restrictions affecting the PIPE Warrants (the "Stockholder Approval"). Until Stockholder Approval was obtained, the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock and the PIPE Warrants contained caps on the conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock and on the exercise of the PIPE Warrants to purchase Common Stock (the "Conversion Caps") and a cap on voting power (the "Voting Cap" and, together with the Conversion Caps, the "Caps") that prevented the issuance of Common Stock if a single holder would own or vote more than 19.99% of the Common Stock or have more than 19.99% of the voting power. If the Company did not receive Stockholder Approval before September 30, 2015, then the Caps would have remained in effect and the dividend rates on the Series A Preferred Stock would have increased (the "Dividend Rate Adjustment").

The Plaintiffs asserted, among other things, that the Dividend Rate Adjustment was invalid, that the Board had breached their fiduciary duties and that the stockholder vote on the Stockholder Approval scheduled for the 2015 Annual Meeting was coercive and based on inadequate disclosure. The Plaintiffs' complaint sought a preliminary and permanent injunction, enjoining the vote on Stockholder Approval at the 2015 Annual Meeting, additional disclosures, certain declaratory relief, and costs and disbursements, including attorneys' fees, costs and expenses. On April 17, 2015, the two separate class action lawsuits were consolidated by order of the Delaware Court as *In re BioScrip, Inc. Stockholder Litigation*, Consol. C.A. 10893-VCG (the "Delaware Action").

On April 30, 2015, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "Memorandum of Understanding") to settle the Delaware Action. The parties entered into a stipulation of settlement on May 11, 2015 (the "Stipulation of Settlement"). In consideration for the full settlement and release of the Delaware Action (the "Settlement"), the Stipulation of Settlement provided for, among other things, agreement that if Stockholder Approval was obtained, causing the Caps to be removed and the Dividend Rate Adjustment to never go into effect, the Delaware Action will be dismissed with prejudice, subject to court approval. The Stipulation of Settlement also provided for an award of no more than \$750,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses to Plaintiffs' counsel, subject to court approval.

Stockholder Approval was obtained at the 2015 Annual Meeting on May 11, 2015, and, therefore, subject to court approval of the Settlement, the Delaware Action will be dismissed with prejudice by the Delaware Court in accordance with the terms of the Stipulation of Settlement. The Delaware Court held a hearing on July 29, 2015, to consider the fairness of the Settlement and award of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees. The order approving the Settlement and award of \$750,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses to Plaintiff's counsel was issued on July 29, 2015.

The Company carries insurance coverage in such amounts as we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, which will cover a certain percentage of the attorneys' fees award. We believe the action may implicate one or more indemnification agreements between the Company and certain defendants, for which there may be no insurance coverage. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Derivative Lawsuit in the Delaware Court of Chancery

On May 7, 2015, a derivative complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery by the Park Employees' & Retirement Board Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Chicago (the "Delaware Complaint"). The Delaware Complaint names as defendants certain current and former directors of the Company, consisting of Richard M. Smith, Myron Holubiak, Charlotte Collins, Samuel Frieder, David Huber, Richard Robbins, Stuart Samuels and Gordon Woodward (collectively, the "Director Defendants"), certain current and former officers of the Company, consisting of Kimberlee Seah, Hai Tran and Patricia Bogusz (collectively the "Officer Defendants"), Kohlberg & Co., L.L.C., Kohlberg Management V, L.L.C., Kohlberg Investors V, L.P., Kohlberg Partners V, L.P.,

Kohlberg TE Investors V, L.P., KOCO Investors V, L.P., and Jefferies LLC. The Company is also named as a nominal defendant in the Delaware Complaint. The Delaware Complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery as *Park Employees and Retirement Board Employees'* Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago v. Richard M. Smith, Myron Z. Holubiak, Charlotte W. Collins, Samuel P. Frieder, David R. Huber, Richard L. Robbins, Stuart A. Samuels, Gordon H. Woodward, Kimberlee C. Seah, Hai V.Tran, Patricia Bogusz, Kohlberg & Co., L.L.C., Kohlberg Management V, L.L.C., Kohlberg Investors V, L.P., Kohlberg Partners V, L.P., Kohlberg TE Investors V, L.P., KOCO Investors V, L.P., Jefferies LLC and BioScrip, Inc., C.A. No. 11000-VCG (Del. Ch. Ct., May 7, 2015).

The Delaware Complaint alleges generally that certain defendants breached their fiduciary duties with respect to the Company's public disclosures, oversight of Company operations, secondary stock offerings and stock sales. The Delaware Complaint also contends that certain defendants aided and abetted those alleged breaches. The damages sought are not quantified but include, among other things, claims for money damages, restitution, disgorgement, equitable relief, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses, and interest. The Delaware Complaint incorporates the same factual allegations from *In re BioScrip, Inc., Securities Litigation* (described below). On June 16, 2015, all defendants moved to dismiss the case. Briefing for the motion to dismiss is currently scheduled to be completed by November 30, 2015.

The Company, Director Defendants and the Officer Defendants deny any allegations of wrongdoing in this lawsuit. The Company and such persons believe all of the claims in this lawsuit are without merit and intend to vigorously defend against these claims. However, there is no assurance that the defense will be successful or that insurance will be available or adequate to fund any settlement or judgment or the litigation costs of this action. Certain of the defendants have sought indemnification from the Company pursuant to certain indemnification agreements, for which there may be no insurance coverage. Additional similar lawsuits may be filed. Moreover, we are unable to predict the outcome or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Securities Class Action Litigation in the Southern District of New York

On September 30, 2013, a putative securities class action lawsuit was filed against the Company and certain of its officers on behalf of the putative class of purchasers of our securities between August 8, 2011 and September 20, 2013, inclusive.

On November 15, 2013, a putative securities class action lawsuit was filed against the Company and certain of its directors and officers and certain underwriters in the Company's April 2013 underwritten public offering of its common stock, on behalf of the putative class of purchasers of our securities between August 8, 2011 and September 23, 2013, inclusive.

On December 19, 2013, the United States District Court for the SDNY entered an order consolidating the two class action lawsuits as *In re BioScrip, Inc., Securities Litigation*, No. 13-cv-6922 (AJN) and appointing a lead plaintiff. The Company denies any allegations of wrongdoing in the consolidated class action lawsuit. The lead plaintiff filed a consolidated complaint on February 19, 2014 against the Company, certain of its directors and officers, certain underwriters in the Company's April 2013 underwritten public offering of its common stock, and a certain stockholder of the Company. The consolidated complaint is brought on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of the Company's securities between November 9, 2012 and November 6, 2013, inclusive, and persons and entities who purchased the Company's securities pursuant or traceable to two underwritten public offerings of the Company's common stock conducted in April 2013, and August 2013. The consolidated complaint alleges generally that the defendants made material misstatements and/or failed to disclose matters related to the Legacy Division's distribution of the Medication as well as the Company's PBM Services segment. The consolidated complaint asserts claims under Sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act and Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. All defendants in the case moved to dismiss the consolidated complaint on April 28, 2014. On March 31, 2015, the Court granted in part and denied in part the defendants' motions to dismiss. On April 14, 2015, a motion to reconsider a portion of the Court's denial of the motions to dismiss was filed on behalf of all the remaining defendants. Plaintiffs filed their opposition to that motion on April 28, 2015. On June 5, 2015, the Court denied the defendants' motion to reconsider. The parties have agreed to a mediation of all pending claims, which is currently scheduled to take place in September 2015.

The Company believes all of the claims in these class action lawsuits are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against these claims. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its defense or that insurance will be available or adequate to fund any settlement or judgment or the litigation costs of these actions. Additional similar lawsuits may be filed. Moreover, the Company is not able to predict the outcome or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. Certain of the defendants have sought indemnification from the Company, pursuant to certain indemnification agreements, for which there may be no insurance coverage. While no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe that the final resolution of this action is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, liquidity or capital resources.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risk factors disclosed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, are hereby incorporated by reference. Additional risk factors reflecting recent developments at the Company are as follows:

The issuance of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to the PIPE Investors in the PIPE Transaction has reduced the percentage interests of our other stockholders, and any future exercise of the PIPE Warrants by the PIPE Investors will further reduce the percentage interests of our other stockholders.

We entered into the Purchase Agreement with the PIPE Investors on March 9, 2015. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, we issued and sold to the PIPE Investors an aggregate of (a) 625,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, (b) 1,800,000 PIPE Class A Warrants, and (c) 1,800,000 PIPE Class B Warrants.

As of the date of this Quarterly Report, if the PIPE Investors converted their shares of Series A Preferred Stock in full, and exercised the PIPE Warrants in full, their aggregate beneficial ownership would be approximately 19% of our outstanding Common Stock. The issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock to the PIPE Investors has caused a reduction in the relative voting power and percentage ownership interests of our other current stockholders. The future exercise of the PIPE Warrants by the PIPE Investors will cause a reduction in the relative voting power and percentage ownership interests of our other stockholders.

The PIPE Investors may exercise influence over us, including through their ability to influence matters requiring the approval of holders of our Common Stock or Series A Preferred Stock.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to vote on an as-converted basis upon all matters upon which holders of our Common Stock have the right to vote. The shares of Series A Preferred Stock owned by the PIPE Investors currently represent approximately 15% of the voting rights in respect of our share capital on an as-converted basis, and accordingly the PIPE Investors may have the ability to significantly influence the outcome of most matters submitted for the vote of our stockholders.

Further, so long as shares of the Series A Preferred Stock represent at least 5% of our outstanding voting stock (on an as converted into Common Stock basis), the holders of our Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to designate one member of the Board by a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Following our issuance of 10,822 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to the Rights Offering, the PIPE Investors are currently the beneficial owners of 625,000 of the 635,822 issued and outstanding shares of our Series A Preferred Stock.

The PIPE Investors' majority ownership of our Series A Preferred Stock will limit the ability of any current or future holders of Series A Preferred Stock to influence corporate matters requiring the approval of the holders of Series A Preferred Stock, including the right, voting as a separate class, to elect one director to our Board, and to approve certain amendments to our certificate of incorporation, or certain other changes, that would adversely affect the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock. The PIPE Investors' voting power of the Series A Preferred Stock may also delay, defer or even prevent an acquisition by a third party or other change of control of our company to the extent that the consideration that would be received by the PIPE Investors and other holders of Series A Preferred Stock in such acquisition or change of control is less than their liquidation preference, and may make some transactions more difficult or impossible without the support of the PIPE Investors, even if such events are in the best interests of our other stockholders. Accordingly, the ownership position and the governance rights of the PIPE Investors could discourage a third party from proposing a change of control or other strategic transaction with us. In any of these matters, the interests of the PIPE Investors may differ from or conflict with the interests of our other stockholders.

In addition, the PIPE Investors are in the business of making investments in companies and may, from time to time, acquire interests in businesses that directly or indirectly compete with our business, as well as businesses that are significant existing or potential customers.

Changes in future business conditions could cause business investments and/or recorded goodwill to become further impaired, and our financial condition and results of operations could suffer if there is an additional impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets with indefinite lives.

We are required to test intangible assets with indefinite lives, including goodwill, annually and on an interim basis if an event occurs or there is a change in circumstance to indicate that the carrying value of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets may no longer be recoverable. When the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value of goodwill, a

charge to operations is recorded. If the carrying amount of an intangible asset with an indefinite life exceeds its fair value, a charge to operations is recognized. Either event would result in incremental expenses for that quarter, which would reduce any earnings or increase any loss for the period in which the impairment was determined to have occurred.

In connection with the preparation of our financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, we determined it was necessary to record a \$238.0 million non-cash preliminary estimated impairment charge related to intangible assets associated with our Infusion Services reporting unit. The preliminary estimated impairment takes into consideration our updated business outlook for the remainder of fiscal year 2015, pursuant to which we updated our future cash flow assumptions for our Infusion Services reporting unit and calculated updated estimates of fair value. After updating our assumptions and projections, we then calculated an estimate of fair value for the reporting unit, consistent with our annual impairment test on December 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2015, we determined that our Infusion Services reporting unit had an indication of impairment. In determining the preliminary estimated impairment loss, we recorded an amount equal to the excess of the assets' carrying amount over its fair value as determined by an analysis of discounted future cash flows. See Note 7, Goodwill and Intangible Assets.

Our goodwill impairment analysis is sensitive to changes in key assumptions used in our analysis, such as expected future cash flows, the degree of volatility in equity and debt markets, and our stock price. If the assumptions used in our analysis are not realized, it is possible a material adjustment to the preliminary estimate may be required as the analysis is finalized, or that an additional impairment charge may need to be recorded in the future. We cannot accurately predict the amount and timing of any impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets. Further, as we work towards a turnaround of our business, we will need to continue to evaluate the carrying value of our goodwill. Any additional impairment charges that we may take in the future could be material to our results of operations and financial condition.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated August 9, 2015, by and among the Company, BioScrip PBM Services, LLC and ProCare Pharmacy Benefit Manager Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 10, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-119098) declared effective on January 26, 2005).
3.2	Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2010, SEC File Number 000-28740).
3.3	Certificate of Designations for Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 10, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
3.4	Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2011, SEC File Number 000-28740).
4.1	Form of Subscription Rights Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3/A (File No. 333-202631)).
4.2	Form of Certificate Representing Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-202631)).
4.3	Warrant Agreement, dated July 28, 2015, by and between the Company and the American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 28, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
10.1	Amendment dated April 2, 2015, to the Employment Offer Letter by and between the Company and Brian Stiver (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 8, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
10.2	Offer Letter, dated as of April 26, 2015, by and between the Company and Jeffrey M. Kreger (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
10.3	Memorandum of Understanding, dated as of April 30, 2015, by and among the Company and the parties to <i>In re BioScrip, Inc. Stockholder Litigation</i> (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
10.4	Form of Market-Based Cash Award Agreement.
10.5	First Amendment to the BioScrip, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan.
10.6	Fourth Amendment to the Senior Credit Facilities, dated as of August 6, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current report on Form 8-K filed on August 10, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101 *	The following financial information from BioScrip, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2015, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, (ii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, (iii) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and (iv) Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on August 10, 2015.

BIOSCRIP INC.

/s/ C. Britt Jeffcoat
C. Britt Jeffcoat
Vice President, Controller
and Chief Accounting Officer

FORM OF BIOSCRIP, INC. MARKET-BASED CASH AWARD AGREEMENT

This Market-Based Cash Award Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into between BioScrip, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and ______ ("Awardee") on _____ ___, 2015 (the "Grant Date") to provide the Awardee with an incentive to continue serving as a Director on the Company's Board of Directors ("Board"). To provide such incentive, the Company desires to provide the Awardee with a cash payment tied to the performance of the Company's Common Stock ("Award").

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration the legal sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereunder, agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Grant of Award</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Awardee is granted an Award payable in a lump sum of cash equal to the Fair Market Value of ten thousand (10,000) shares of the Company's Common Stock on the Vesting Date. The "Fair Market Value" of the Company's Common Stock shall be the closing price of such stock as reported on the composite tape of the NASDAQ National Market or other principal national securities exchange on which such stock is listed or admitted to trading on the Vesting Date.
- 2. <u>Vesting Schedule</u>. The Award shall vest on the business day that immediately precedes the next annual meeting of the Company's stockholders ("Vesting Date") provided that the Awardee is still a Director of the Company as of the Vesting Date. If the Awardee ceases serving as a Director of the Company prior to the Vesting Date, the Award will be forfeited and the Awardee will have no further right to the Award.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the interest of the Awardee in the Award shall fully vest upon a "Change in Control" if the Awardee continues to serve as a Director of the Company through the date of the Change in Control. A Change in Control is defined as the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(a) During any twenty-four (24) month period, individuals who, as of the beginning of such period, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board, provided that any person becoming a director subsequent to the beginning of such period whose election or nomination for election was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors then on the Board (either by a specific vote or by approval of the proxy statement of the Company in which such person is named as a nominee for director, without written objection to such nomination) shall be an Incumbent Director; provided, however, that no individual initially elected or nominated as a director of the Company as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to directors or as a result of any other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies by or on behalf of any person other than the Board shall be deemed to be an Incumbent Director;

- (b) Any "person" or "group" (within the meaning of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) is or becomes a "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities eligible to vote for the election of the Board (the "Company Voting Securities"); provided, however, that the event described in this paragraph (b) shall not be deemed to be a Change in Control by virtue of any of the following acquisitions: (i) by the Company or any affiliate or subsidiary of the Company, (ii) by any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Company or any affiliate or subsidiary of the Company, (iii) by any underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities, (iv) pursuant to a NonQualifying Transaction, as defined in paragraph (c), or (v) by any person of or group of Voting Securities from the Company, if a majority of the Incumbent Board approves in advance the acquisition of beneficial ownership of 30% or more of Company Voting Securities by such person or group;
- (c) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, statutory share exchange or similar form of corporate transaction involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries that requires the approval of the Company's stockholders, whether for such transaction or the issuance of securities in the transaction (a "Business Combination"), unless immediately following such Business Combination: (i) more than 50% of the total voting power of (A) the corporation resulting from such Business Combination (the "Surviving Corporation"), or (B) if applicable, the ultimate parent corporation that directly or indirectly has beneficial ownership of 100% of the voting securities eligible to elect directors of the Surviving Corporation (the "Parent Corporation"), is represented by Company Voting Securities that were outstanding immediately prior to such Business Combination (or, if applicable, is represented by shares into which such Company Voting Securities were converted pursuant to such Business Combination), and such voting power among the holders thereof is in substantially the same proportion as the voting power of such Company Voting Securities among the holders thereof immediately prior to the Business Combination, (ii) no person (other than any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Surviving Corporation or the Parent Corporation), is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 30% or more of the total voting power of the outstanding voting securities eligible to elect directors of the Parent Corporation (or, if there is no Parent Corporation, the Surviving Corporation) and (iii) at least a majority of the members of the board of directors of the Parent Corporation (or, if there is no Parent Corporation, the Surviving Corporation) following the consummation of the Business Combination were Incumbent Directors at the time of the Board's approval of the execution of the initial agreement providing for such Business Combination (any Business Combination which satisfies all of the criteria specified in (i), (ii) and (iii) above shall be deemed to be a "NonQualifying Transaction");
- (d) The stockholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the consummation of a sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; or

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to occur solely because any person acquires beneficial ownership of more than 30% of the Company Voting Securities as a result of the acquisition of Company Voting Securities by the Company which reduces the number of Company Voting Securities outstanding; provided, that if after such acquisition by the Company

such person becomes the beneficial owner of additional Company Voting Securities that increases the percentage of outstanding Company Voting Securities beneficially owned by such person, a Change in Control of the Company shall then occur.

- 3. <u>Payment of Award</u>. Once vested, the Award will be paid to the Awardee in a single cash payment, which shall be paid by the Company promptly after the Vesting Date and no later than two and one-half (2 ½) months following the end of the calendar year in which the Vesting Date occurs.
- 4. <u>Anti-Dilution Provisions</u>. In the event that, during the term of this Agreement, there is any change in the number of shares of outstanding Common Stock of the Company by reason of stock dividends, recapitalizations, consolidations, split-ups, combinations or exchanges of shares and the like, the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock on which the Award is based will reflect the same proportionate number of shares as in this original Agreement.
 - 5. <u>Taxes</u>. The Awardee shall be liable for any and all taxes, including withholding taxes, arising out of the Award.
- 6. <u>Section 409A</u>. The Company and Awardee intend that any amounts payable or provided under this Agreement, to the extent subject, comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code and the treasury regulations relating thereto. The provisions of this Agreement shall be interpreted in a manner consistent with such intent.
- 7. <u>Rule 16b3</u>. The Company shall have the right to amend the Award to withhold or otherwise restrict the transfer of any cash under this Agreement as the Committee deems appropriate in order to satisfy any condition or requirement under Rule 16b3 to the extent Rule 16 of the Exchange Act might be applicable to such grant or transfer.

8. <u>Miscellaneous</u>.

- (a) The Company and the Awardee shall execute such further instruments and take such action as may reasonably be necessary to carry out the intent of this Award, as may be determined by the Company.
- (b) Any notice required or permitted hereunder by the Company shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon delivery to the Awardee at her or his address then on file with the Company.
- (c) This Agreement shall not be construed so as to grant the Awardee any right to remain as a Director of the Company or, as applicable, in the employ of the Company.
- (d) This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with, and its interpretation shall be governed by applicable federal law, and otherwise by the laws of the State of Delaware.

- (e) The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. Any references to sections in this Agreement shall be to sections of this Agreement unless otherwise expressly stated as part of such reference.
- (f) This Agreement shall be freely assignable by the Company to and shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the Company, its successors and assigns and/or any other entity which shall succeed to the business presently being conducted by the Company.
- (g) Any word, phrase, clause, sentence or other provision herein which violates or is prohibited by any applicable law, court decree or public policy shall be modified as necessary to avoid the violation or prohibition and so as to make this Agreement enforceable as fully as possible under applicable law, and if such cannot be so modified, the same shall be ineffective to the extent of such violation or prohibition without invalidating or affecting the remaining provisions herein.

[Signature page to follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Market-Based Cash Award Agreement as of the date first written above.

BY:_	
Name:	
Title	<u> </u>
۸	antod and Agrand to have

Accepted and Agreed to by:

AWARDEE

BIOSCRIP, INC.

BY:_____

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FIRST AMENDMENT TO BIOSCRIP, INC. EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

This **FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE BIOSCRIP, INC. EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN** (the "*Amendment*"), is effective as of April 1, 2015 (except as otherwise provided below), by **BIOSCRIP, INC.**, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "*Company*"):

WHEREAS, the Company sponsors the BioScrip, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, dated as of May 7, 2013 (the "*Plan*");

WHEREAS, Section 7.1 of the Plan provides that the Company may amend the Plan from time to time;

WHEREAS, effective as of October 1, 2015, the Company wishes to amend the Plan to disallow a participant from being able to make changes to his or her payroll deduction election, other than to stop payroll deductions entirely, during an offering period for which those changes correspond and to have any corresponding payroll deductions returned to the participant; and

WHEREAS, effective as of April 1, 2015, the Company wishes to clarify the terms of the Plan to reflect that: (a) quarterly offering periods are provided to Plan participants, (b) certain highly compensated employees and short-service employees are excluded from participation under the Plan, and (c) the provisions of the Plan are in conformance with the Plan's operation consistent with the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including, but not limited to, the fact that participant elections are made in accordance with the process authorized by the Committee.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Plan is amended effective, unless otherwise provided below, as of April 1, 2015, as follows:

- 1. Paragraph (i) of Section 2.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 2.1(i) **ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE** shall mean each employee of the Company or a Subsidiary (if the Subsidiary has adopted the Plan) as of the first business day of a given Offering Period, except that the following employees of a Company or Subsidiary are excluded:
 - (a) any such employee who has accrued less than ninety (90) days of Continuous Service;
 - (b) any such employee who would directly or indirectly own or hold (applying the rules of Section 424(d) of the Code to determine stock ownership) immediately following the grant of an option hereunder an aggregate of five percent (5%) or more of the total combined voting

power or value of all outstanding shares of all classes of stock of the Company or any Subsidiary; and

- (c) any such employee who is a highly compensated employee of the Company or Subsidiary (within the meaning of Section 414(q) of the Code) who is (i) designated as a duly authorized and appointed officer of the Company or Subsidiary, as appointed by the Board of Directors; or (ii) is subject to reporting obligations under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 2. Paragraph (k) of Section 2.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 2.1(k) **OFFERING PERIOD** shall mean that period to be determined by the Committee beginning on the date the Employees are offered the opportunity to purchase Stock hereunder, for which each eligible Employee shall determine whether and to what extent he desires to participate by authorizing payroll deductions. Until changed by the Committee, each Offering Period shall run for three months, with each Offering Period beginning on the first day of each calendar quarter during the year and ending on the last day of each such quarter (i.e., January 1 through March 31, April 1 through June 30, July 1 through September 30 and October 1 through December 31). The Committee may, in its sole and absolute discretion, modify the length and frequency of the Offering Period.
- 3. Paragraph (p) of Section 2.1 of the Plan, "Payroll Deduction Period" shall be deleted in its entirety and is not replaced.
- 4. Section 3.2 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 3.2 **ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE.** An Eligible Employee may become a Participant only by making an election to participate during the enrollment period in accordance with the process authorized by the Committee to authorize payroll deductions during the Offering Period, as set forth under Section 4.1. An Eligible Employee may elect to participate for less than the maximum number of shares which he has been offered the opportunity to purchase by authorizing a payroll deduction under Section 4.1 of a percentage of Compensation less than the percentage determined by the Board of Directors under Section 5.1(b).

- 5. Section 3.3 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 3.3 **WAIVER OF PARTICIPATION.** A Participant may waive his right to further participate for any Offering Period by stopping his payroll deductions in accordance with the process authorized by the Committee in the time and manner specified thereby. The Participant's cessation of his payroll deductions shall result in the waiver of participation for only the Offering Period to which it relates and shall be irrevocable with respect to such Offering Period. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the Participant's waiver of participation for a specified Offering Period shall not, in and of itself, adversely impact the right of such Participant to participate in the Plan during any subsequent Offering Periods except those Offering Periods with respect to which he elects to stop his payroll deductions in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- 6. Effective on October 1, 2015, the first introductory paragraph only to Section 4.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 4.1 **PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS**. Each Eligible Employee who elects, pursuant to Article III, during an enrollment period specified by the Committee occurring prior to the beginning of an Offering Period, to participate herein shall authorize the making of payroll deductions to fund the purchase of the Stock he has agreed to purchase hereunder pursuant to the process (including, but not limited to, any corresponding Participant election procedure) authorized by the Committee. Deductions shall be made pro-rata for the regular payroll periods applicable to the Participant during each Offering Period and shall be credited to the Participant's Payroll Deduction Account. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, a payroll deduction election, once authorized by an Eligible Employee, shall continue for subsequent Offering Periods until the earlier of: (a) such time as is administratively practicable after the date a Participant reduces his election to zero percent (0%) with respect to an Offering Period as provided in either Section 3.3 or Section 4.1(b); or (b) the latest date a Participant receives his last paycheck from the Employer after his employment with the Employer terminates.
- 7. Effective on October 1, 2015, Paragraph (b) of Section 4.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 4.1(b) <u>Change in Authorization</u>. A Participant may not vary the amount of his payroll deduction after the conclusion of the enrollment period specified by the Committee related to an Offering Period for which any payroll deduction corresponds. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

a Participant may elect to stop his payroll deductions with such election becoming effective as soon as practicable after the Participant makes such election in accordance with the process authorized by the Committee. A Participant's election to stop his payroll deductions shall be treated as a waiver of participation under Section 3.3 for the remainder of the Offering Period in which the cessation occurs. Also notwithstanding the foregoing, if necessary to comply with Section 423(b)(8) of the Code and Section 5.1(a), a Participant's payroll deductions will be decreased to zero percent (0%) at any time during an Offering Period, in which case such decrease shall also be treated as a waiver of participation under Section 3.3 and no purchase of Stock shall be made for such Offering Period to the extent administratively practicable; and no further payroll deduction authorization election shall be effective until a subsequent election is timely made with respect to an Offering Period.

- 8. Section 4.2 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 4.2 **CARRY FORWARD/WITHDRAWAL OF PAYROLL DEDUCTION ACCOUNT.** Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, any amounts remaining credited to a Participant's Payroll Deduction Account on the last day of the Offering Period, after taking into account the amount of Stock purchased by the Participant, shall be carried forward to the next subsequent Offering Period; provided, however, that amounts credited to a Participant's Payroll Deduction Account may be refunded to the Participant upon a waiver of participation under Section 3.3 by a Participant, and, subject to Section 6.3, such amount shall be refunded to the Participant within a reasonable time after the waiver of participation is made in accordance with the process authorized by the Committee.
- 9. Paragraph (a) of Section 5.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.1(a) <u>Date of Grant</u>. Subject to Sections 5.2 and 5.3, all grants made hereunder shall be deemed to have been made on the same date in the Offering Period, which date shall be the first day of the Offering Period; and the maximum amount of Stock that can be purchased under any grant during any Offering Period will not exceed fifteen thousand (15,000) shares of Stock (subject to adjustment as described in Section 5.2) for such Offering Period.

- 10. Paragraph (b) of Section 5.1 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.1(b) Amount of Grant. Subject to the maximum amount of Stock set forth in Section 5.1(a) which can be purchased for each Offering Period, each Eligible Employee shall be granted an opportunity to purchase up to that number of whole shares of Stock which could be purchased during an Offering Period at the price determined in accordance with Section 5.4, with an amount equal to such percentage, not to exceed ten percent (10%), as the Board of Directors determines, of an Eligible Employee's Compensation which Participant has chosen to add to his Payroll Deduction Account.
- 11. The introductory paragraph of Section 5.4 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.4 **STOCK PRICE.** A Participant may acquire Stock hereunder at a cost of eighty-five percent (85%) of the lower of (i) the fair market value of the Stock on the first day of the Offering Period for which the Stock is purchased, or (ii) the fair market value of the Stock on the last day of the Offering Period for which the Stock is purchased.
- 12. Paragraph (a) of Section 5.5 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.5(a) By Participant While Employed. A Participant's election to participate in the Plan through the authorization of payroll deductions, pursuant to Section 3.2, unless such election is otherwise waived by the Participant pursuant to Sections 3.3 or 4.1, is deemed an election to purchase Stock at the end of the Offering Period, in such manner and form as determined by the Committee.

At the end of the Offering Period, the balance credited to a Participant's Payroll Deduction Account, after paying for his Stock, shall be carried over to the next Offering Period and be credited to the Participant's Payroll Deduction Account as if contributed during the subsequent Offering Period.

If a Participant does not for any reason purchase Stock during an Offering Period to the extent of the amount credited to his Payroll Deduction Account, the balance credited to his Payroll Deduction Account shall be paid to him in cash, and he shall not be entitled to participate again in the Plan for the remainder of the Offering Period.

- 13. Section 5.6 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.6 **PAYMENT.** Upon the election to participate herein, and agreement to purchase shares hereunder, the shares of Stock shall be paid for in full by the making of payroll deductions as of such date as soon as administratively practicable after the end of the Offering Period, in which case the transfer of the purchase price shall occur from the amount credited to the Participant's Payroll Deduction Account to an account of the Employer. If for any reason, the balance credited to the Participant's Payroll Deduction Account at the end of the Offering Period is not sufficient to pay for the shares of Stock purchased, the Participant, his legatees, or distributees may, at such time and in such manner as the Committee shall prescribe, contribute cash hereunder, which shall be credited to his Payroll Deduction Account in order to pay for the full number of shares of Stock for which the Participant has elected to participate, or the Participant, his personal representative heirs, legatees or distributees may purchase that part of the number of full shares of Stock which the balance credited to the Participant's Payroll Deduction Account is sufficient to purchase and shall receive the balance credited to such account and not used to purchase shares of Stock in cash. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Participant shall not be permitted, except if he has retired (as defined in Section 5.5) or in the event of his Disability or death, to contribute additional cash to his Payroll Deduction Account in excess of amounts withheld from his Compensation.
- 14. Section 5.7 of the Plan shall be amended and restated to read as follows:
 - 5.7 **TRANSFER OF SHARES.** The Stock purchased by a Participant hereunder shall be issued or transferred to him on the books of the Company as soon as administratively practicable following the last day of the Offering Period in which he made the purchase. Stock certificates shall be delivered to the Participant as soon as practicable after such time, and the Participant shall receive and be the transferee of substantially all the rights of ownership of such Stock, in accordance with Treasury Regulations Section 1.421-1(f) as currently in effect or any successor to such Treasury Regulations. Such rights of ownership shall include the right to vote, the right to receive declared dividends, the right to share in the assets of the Company in the event of liquidation, the right to inspect the Company's books, and the right to pledge or sell such Stock, subject to the restrictions on such rights in this Plan and the restrictions on such rights imposed by applicable law. Until delivery of certificates for the Stock to the Participant, the Participant shall have none of the rights and privileges of a stockholder in the Company with respect to shares of Stock

purchased hereunder. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Employer shall not be obligated to issue Stock hereunder if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such issuance would constitute a violation of Federal or state securities laws.

15. The Participant Election Form included at the end of the Plan shall be deleted in its entirety and is not replaced.

* * *

IN WITNESS THEREOF, this First Amendment has been duly executed below, and is effective as of the dates provided above.

BIOSCRIP, INC.

	/s/ Richard M. Smith	
By:		
<i>-</i>	Name: Richard M. Smith	Title: President & CEO

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CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Richard M. Smith, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BioScrip, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Richard M. Smith
Richard M. Smith, President, Chief Executive Officer
and Principal Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Jeffrey M. Kreger, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BioScrip, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Jeffrey M. Kreger

Jeffrey M. Kreger, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of BioScrip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard M. Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Richard M. Smith
Richard M. Smith, President, Chief Executive Officer
and Principal Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of BioScrip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jeffrey M. Kreger, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Jeffrey M. Kreger
Jeffrey M. Kreger, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer